

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

**DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	Ciana Casey William Hoffman (USA) Marcus Miller Robert Korn (USA) Rory Coughlan (resigned as alternate director on 6 June 2024) Aimee Powderly (resigned as alternate director on 6 June 2024)
Company secretary	HMP Secretarial Limited Riverside 1 Sir John Rogerson's Quay Dublin 2 D02 X576
Registered number	414681
Registered office	28/29 Sir John Rogerson's Quay Dublin 2 D02 EY80
Independent auditors	Deloitte Ireland LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm 29 Earlsfort Terrace Dublin 2 D02 AY28
Solicitors	A&L Goodbody 25 North Wall Quay Dublin 1 D01 H104

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

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TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

Principal activities, business review and future activities

Temple Aviation Holdings Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares, which was incorporated and domiciled in the Republic of Ireland on 31 January 2006 under the registration number 414681.

The Company holds an investment in subsidiary undertakings engaged in the leasing of aircraft. The Directors expect these activities to continue for the foreseeable future. The Directors continue to review and seek business opportunities for the Company.

Results and dividends

The Statement of Comprehensive Income for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 and the Statement of Financial Position at that date are set out on pages 8 and 9.

The loss on ordinary activities for the financial year before taxation amounted to US\$ 1,219,445 (2023: US\$4,023). Shareholders' funds at 31 December 2024 amounted to US\$164,538,055 (2023: US\$ 165,757,500).

The above results are considered key indicators of the performance of the Company and are reviewed by the Directors on an annual basis.

The Directors recommended the payment of a dividend of US\$Nil during the financial year (2023: US\$Nil).

Issue of Shares

The authorized share capital of the Company is 66,740,515 shares of €0.0001. The issued share capital of the Company is 66,740,515 shares of €0.0001. No shares were issued during the financial year (2023: Nil). Global Aviation Holdings Fund Limited holds 100% of the issued share capital of the Company.

Material contracts

There are no material contracts in relation to the business of the Company in which any Director of the Company had any interest during the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

Directors, Company Secretary and their interests

The Directors who served during the financial year were:

Ciana Casey
William Hoffman (USA)
Marcus Miller
Robert Korn (USA)
Rory Coughlan (resigned as alternate director on 6 June 2024)
Aimee Powderly (resigned as alternate director on 6 June 2024)

Neither the Directors nor the Company Secretary, who held office at 31 December 2024, had interests in shares in, or debentures of, the Company, or other group company, at 31 December 2024 or 31 December 2023, requiring disclosure in the directors' report pursuant to section 329 of the Companies Act 2014.

Political contributions

No political donations were made by the Company during the financial year (2023: US\$Nil).

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024****Principal risks and uncertainties****Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. A key determinant of the Company's success is the financial strength of its customers and their ability to react to and cope with the competitive environment in which they operate. The Directors mitigate this risk by performing comprehensive credit reviews of customers both prior to and during the course of a lease.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company manages its liquidity requirements by monitoring the cash outflows due in its day-to-day business, including the servicing of financial obligations. The Company ensures that sufficient cash is available to meet payment obligations. In addition, the Company has access to a credit facility within the group and if necessary, the Company has access to a credit facility within the group and if necessary, the Company will seek financial assistance from Fly Leasing Limited ("Fly").

Geopolitical risk

In circumstances where an aircraft is not held at the end of the financial year, the risks are still relevant as they relate to the nature of the Company's business and underlying business plans. In circumstances where an aircraft is held at the end of the financial year, geopolitical risk is the risk that ongoing global conflicts and tariff discussions could negatively impact the Company's performance. The conflicts will have short and long-term consequences on the aviation industry. They have led to increased fuel prices, inflation, interest rate increases, supply chain concerns, and rerouting of flights because of restrictions on the use of airspace, which will all place additional pressure on airlines. Prolonged unrest, additional military activities, expansion of hostilities, or additional broad-based sanctions, could also have a material adverse effect on the operations and business outlook of the Company. The specific impacts on the Company may include the inability of airline customers to meet their lease obligations because of reduced cash flow, which in turn may lead to an increase in lease defaults and related repossessions.

Going concern

Having considered the Company's financial position, future business plans, cash flow projections and aviation environment as well as the continued financial support from Fly, the Directors confirm that they have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least twelve months subsequent to the date of approval by the Board of Directors of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024. The Company has a loss during the financial year and has received a letter of support from Fly confirming that it will continue to support the Company. Fly has access to sufficient liquidity should the Company require funding. Given the financial support from Fly, the Directors are satisfied that the Company is adequately resourced to continue in existence for the foreseeable future and that the financial statements have been properly prepared on a going concern basis.

Events since the end of the year

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the financial year end that would require adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

Accounting records

The measures taken by the Directors to ensure compliance with the requirements of Sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the keeping of accounting records, are the employment of appropriately qualified accounting personnel and the maintenance of computerised accounting systems. The Company's accounting records are maintained at Rocktwist House, Block 1, Western Business Park, Shannon, Co. Clare, V14 FW97, Ireland and at the Company's registered office.

Statement on relevant audit information

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.


Auditors

The auditors, Deloitte Ireland LLP, have expressed their willingness to continue in office in accordance with section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Signed by:

.....
01C5A87800EA4B8.....
Ciana Casey
Director

Signed by:

.....
9DE58F7460F34E2.....
Marcus Miller
Director

Date: 01 December 2025 | 3:50 PM GMT

Date: 27 November 2025 | 12:14 PM GMT

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the Directors to prepare the financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

Under company law, the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company for the financial year end date, of the profit or loss for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the Company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion on the financial statements of Temple Aviation Holdings Limited ("the company")

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2024 and of the loss for the financial year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework and, in particular, with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements we have audited comprise:

- the Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- the Statement of Financial Position;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 16, including material accounting policy information as set out in note 2.

The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("the relevant financial reporting framework").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the "*Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements*" section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report and Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Directors' Report and Financial Statements. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on IAASA's website at: <https://iaasa.ie/publications/description-of-the-auditors-responsibilities-for-the-audit-of-the-financial-statements>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited.
- The financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.
- In our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.
- In our opinion, those parts of the directors' report specified for our review, which does not include sustainability reporting when required by Part 28 of the Companies Act 2014, have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the provisions in the Companies Act 2014 which require us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions specified by law are not made.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



David McCaffrey
For and on behalf of Deloitte Ireland LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm
Deloitte & Touche House, 29 Earlsfort Terrace, Dublin 2

02 December 2025

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

	Note	2024 US\$	2023 US\$
Operating expenses	4	(2,831)	(1,218)
Impairment losses on financial assets	8	(1,216,614)	(2,805)
Loss before taxation		(1,219,445)	(4,023)
Tax on loss	7	-	-
Loss for the financial year		(1,219,445)	(4,023)

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2024 or 2023 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2024 (2023:US\$Nil).

The notes on pages 11 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED


**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

	Note	2024 US\$	2024 US\$	2023 US\$	2023 US\$
Non current assets					
Investment in subsidiaries	8		164,782,391		165,999,005
			<u>164,782,391</u>		<u>165,999,005</u>
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	138,735,391		-	
Current liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(138,979,727)		(241,505)	
Net current liabilities			(244,336)		(241,505)
Net assets			<u>164,538,055</u>		<u>165,757,500</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity	11		8,817		8,817
Retained earnings			<u>164,529,238</u>		<u>165,748,683</u>
Shareholders' funds			<u>164,538,055</u>		<u>165,757,500</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board:

Signed by:

 01C5A87800EA4B8...
 Ciana Casey
 Director

Signed by:

 9DE5BF7460F34E2...
 Marcus Miller
 Director

Date: 01 December 2025 | 3:50 PM GMT

Date: 27 November 2025 | 12:14 PM GMT

The notes on pages 11 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

	Called up share capital US\$	Retained earnings US\$	Total equity US\$
At 1 January 2023	8,817	165,752,706	165,761,523
Loss for the financial year	-	(4,023)	(4,023)
At 1 January 2024	8,817	165,748,683	165,757,500
Loss for the financial year	-	(1,219,445)	(1,219,445)
At 31 December 2024	8,817	164,529,238	164,538,055

The notes on pages 11 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1. General information

Temple Aviation Holdings Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares, which was incorporated and domiciled in the Republic of Ireland on 31 January 2006 under the registration number 414681. On 6 June 2024, the Company's registered office address changed to 28/29 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2 from Connaught House, 1 Burlington Road, Dublin 4. The main activities of the Company are to act as a holding Company and provide funding to its subsidiaries.

2. Material accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under Financial Reporting Standard 100 (FRS 100) issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC). The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' as issued by the FRC and with the statute comprising of the Companies Act 2014. The accounting policies of the Company have been consistently applied over both the current and preceding period, notwithstanding the adoption of standards noted in note 2.5.

The financial statements of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements of Fly Leasing Limited ("Fly"), the smallest and largest group in which the financial statements of the Company are consolidated into. The consolidated financial statements of Fly are publicly available at its registered office (see note 14).

The Company's functional and presentational currency is US dollars (US\$).

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following material accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial Reporting Standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirements of the second sentence of paragraph 110 and paragraphs 113(a), 114, 115, 118, 119(a) to (c), 120 to 127 and 129 of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- the requirements of paragraph 52, the second sentence of paragraph 89, and paragraphs 90, 91 and 93 of IFRS 16 Leases. The requirements of paragraph 58 of IFRS 16, provided that the disclosure of details in indebtedness relating to amounts payable after 5 years required by company law is presented separately for lease liabilities and other liabilities, and in total
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
 - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- to disclose new and amended standards issued, but not yet effective

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Financial Reporting Standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions (continued)

- the requirements of paragraph 74A(b) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii), 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

2.3 Exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements

The Company has availed of the exemption in Section 300 of the Companies Act 2014 from preparing and delivering consolidated financial statements. The results of the Company and its subsidiary is included in the consolidated accounts of Fly Leasing Limited (see Note 2.1).

2.4 Going concern

Having considered the Company’s financial position, future business plans, cash flow projections and aviation environment as well as the continued financial support from Fly, the Directors confirm that they have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least twelve months subsequent to the date of approval by the Board of Directors of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024. The Company has a loss during the financial year and has received a letter of support from Fly confirming that it will continue to support the Company. Fly has access to sufficient liquidity should the Company require funding. Given the financial support from Fly, the Directors are satisfied that the Company is adequately resources to continue in existence for the foreseeable future and that the financial statements have been properly prepared on a going concern basis.

2.5 Impact of new international reporting standards, amendments and interpretations

Amendments to be applied for annual periods beginning after on or 1 January 2024

The below lists the recent changes to IFRS that are required to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. The Company applied such standards where relevant from their effective date without any material impact.

Effective date	New standard or guidance
1 January 2024	Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current
1 January 2024	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback – Amendments to IFRS 16
1 January 2024	Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements - Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7

There are no other IFRSs or IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Company.

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024****2. Material accounting policies (continued)****2.6 Operating expenses**

Expenses are recognised in profit or loss upon utilization of goods or services or at the date they are incurred. All costs are reported in profit or loss on an accrual basis.

2.7 Current and deferred taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.8 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment and this carrying amount is assessed annually for impairment.

2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment (see note 2.12). Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.12 Financial instruments

The Company recognises financial instruments when it becomes a party to the contractual arrangements of the instrument. Financial instruments are de-recognised when they are discharged or when the contractual terms expire. The Company's accounting policies in respect of financial instruments transactions are explained below:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value.

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either fair value or amortised cost, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables and amounts due on contracts with customers. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate. Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Financial liabilities

At amortised cost

Financial liabilities which are neither contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, held for trading, nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or where appropriate a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024****2. Material accounting policies (continued)****2.13 Equity**

Share capital represents the nominal (par) value of shares that have been issued.

Capital contribution represents funds contributed to the Company by the shareholder for working capital purposes. The capital contribution is non-refundable and is non-interest bearing.

Retained earnings/(deficit) represent all current and prior period profit or loss, reduced by the amounts of dividends declared. Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimate for allowance for ECL

The Company applies the simplified approach in measuring ECL which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all its debtors. Details about the ECL on the Company's debtors are disclosed in note 2.12.

4. Operating expenses

	2024	2023
	US\$	US\$
Legal and professional	<u>(2,831)</u>	<u>(1,218)</u>
	<u>(2,831)</u>	<u>(1,218)</u>

5. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the Directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2023 - US\$Nil).

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

6. Statutory information

	2024	2023
	US\$	US\$
Auditors' remuneration	<u>8,520</u>	<u>8,345</u>

Auditor's remuneration for the current and prior financial year is borne by Fly.

7. Taxation

	2024	2023
	US\$	US\$
Current tax		
Current tax for the financial year	-	-
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Factors affecting tax charge for the financial year

The tax assessed for the financial year is higher than (2023 – higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in Ireland of 12.5% (2023 - 12.5%). The differences are explained below:

	2024	2023
	US\$	US\$
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	<u>(1,219,445)</u>	<u>(4,023)</u>
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in Ireland of 12.5% (2023 - 12.5%)	(152,431)	(503)
Effects of:		
Higher tax rate applicable for Case IV income	(152,431)	(503)
Non-deductible expenses	304,862	1,006
Total tax charge for the financial year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Tax is chargeable in future periods unless group relief is available. To the extent losses are incurred in the future, these can be carried forward. From 1 January 2025, the corporation tax rate is expected to remain at its current rate of 12.5%.

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

8. Investment in subsidiaries

	Investments in subsidiary undertaking US\$
Cost	
At 1 January 2023	166,001,810
Impairment on investments in subsidiary undertaking	(2,805)
At 31 December 2023	165,999,005
Cost	
At 1 January 2024	165,999,005
Impairment on investments in subsidiary undertaking	(1,216,614)
At 31 December 2024	164,782,391
Net Book Value	
At 31 December 2024	164,782,391
At 31 December 2023	165,999,005

The Company has a 100% ownership interest in GAHF (Ireland) Limited, a company incorporated in Ireland. GAHF (Ireland) Limited is a holding company and aircraft financier.

The Directors have assessed the investment in subsidiary undertakings for indications of potential impairment. During the financial year, the Company recognised impairment losses of US\$1,216,614 (2023: US\$2,805).

9. Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2024 US\$	2023 US\$
Amounts owed from group undertakings	138,735,391	-
	138,735,391	-

Amounts owed from group undertakings are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

10. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2024 US\$	2023 US\$
Amounts owed to group undertakings	138,979,727	241,380
Corporation tax	-	125
	138,979,727	241,505

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

TEMPLE AVIATION HOLDINGS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024****11. Share Capital**

	2024	2023
	US\$	US\$
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
66,740,515 (2023 - 66,740,515) Ordinary shares of €0.0001- each	<u>8,817</u>	<u>8,817</u>

12. Related party transactions

The Company has availed of the exemption in FRS 101 in respect of transactions with other companies which are wholly owned within the group. The financial statements do not contain disclosure of transactions with entities wholly owned by Fly Leasing Limited.

13. Events since the end of the financial year

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the financial year end that would require adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

14. Controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Global Aviation Holdings Fund Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and having its registered office at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is SASOF International Master Fund V LP, a limited partnership registered in the Cayman Islands and having its registered address at George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108 Cayman Islands.

Fly Leasing Limited ("Fly"), is the smallest and largest group in which the financial statements of the Company are consolidated into. The consolidated financial statements are publicly available at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda.

15. Capital commitments

At 31 December 2024, the Company had no capital commitments (2023: Nil).

16. Approval of financial statements

The board of Directors approved these financial statements for issue on 26 November 2025.