

**Tullaghan Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 30 June 2025**

# Tullagher Limited

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**Tullagher Limited**  
**DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION**

<b>Directors</b>	James Power Sinead Power
<b>Company Secretary</b>	James Power
<b>Company Number</b>	366811
<b>Registered Office</b>	Green Road Ballininaeashagh Cork Road Waterford
<b>Business Address</b>	Witches Lane, Cork Road, Waterford
<b>Accountants</b>	Park Chambers Chartered Accountants Unit 12L Six Cross Roads Business Park Kilbarry Waterford

# Tullaghan Limited

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

The directors made the following statement in respect of the unaudited financial statements:

### "General responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Directors' declaration on unaudited financial statements

In relation to the financial statements which comprise the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Shareholders' Funds and the related notes:

The directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgements underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have made available to Park Chambers, (Chartered Accountants), all the company's accounting records and provided all the information, books and documents necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.

The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2025."

### Signed on behalf of the board

**James Power**  
Director

**4 February 2026**

**Sinead Power**  
Director

**4 February 2026**

# Tullogher Limited

## BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	7	<u>236,779</u>	<u>233,078</u>
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Stocks	8	242,239	262,691
Debtors	9	33,681	34,063
Cash at bank and in hand		244,632	345,101
		<u>520,552</u>	<u>641,855</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	10	<u>(169,187)</u>	<u>(173,595)</u>
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		<u>351,365</u>	<u>468,260</u>
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		<u>588,144</u>	<u>701,338</u>
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Retained earnings		588,044	701,238
<b>Shareholders' Funds</b>		<u>588,144</u>	<u>701,338</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Tullogher Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

**Approved by the board on 4 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:**

**James Power**  
Director

**Sinead Power**  
Director

**Tullagher Limited****RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS**

as at 30 June 2025

	<b>Called up share capital €</b>	<b>Retained earnings €</b>	<b>Total €</b>
<b>At 1 July 2023</b>	100	525,924	526,024
Profit for the financial year	-	175,314	175,314
<b>At 30 June 2024</b>	100	701,238	701,338
Loss for the financial year	-	(113,194)	(113,194)
<b>At 30 June 2025</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>588,044</b>	<b>588,144</b>

# Tullogher Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

### 1. General Information

Tullogher Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 366811. The registered office of the company is Green Road, Ballininaeashagh, Cork Road, Waterford. The principal activity of the company is the selling of coal, gas and fuel of every description. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

#### Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of the identifiable net assets including other intangible fixed assets when they were acquired. Purchased goodwill is capitalised in the Balance Sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its economic useful life of 0 years, which is estimated to be the period during which benefits are expected to arise. On disposal of a business any goodwill not yet amortised is included in determining the profit or loss on sale of the business.

#### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	2% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	12.50% Straight line
Motor vehicles	-	12.50% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

## Tullogher Limited

# NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

### Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

### Government grants

Capital grants received and receivable are treated as deferred income and amortised to the Profit and Loss Account annually over the useful economic life of the asset to which it relates. Revenue grants are credited to the Profit and Loss Account when received.

### Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

### Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

<b>3. Operating (loss)/profit</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
<b>Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting):</b>		
Depreciation of tangible assets	25,835	24,276
Government grants received	(4,000)	-
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>4. Interest payable and similar expenses</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
Interest	150	(6,876)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>5. Employees</b>		

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 6, (2024 - 7).

**Tullaghan Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

**6. Intangible assets**

	<b>Goodwill</b> €	<b>Total</b> €
<b>Cost</b>		
At 1 July 2024	30,000	30,000
At 30 June 2025	30,000	30,000
<b>Provision for diminution in value</b>		
At 30 June 2025	30,000	30,000
<b>Net book value</b>		
At 30 June 2025	-	-

**7. Tangible assets**

	<b>Land and buildings freehold</b> €	<b>Fixtures, fittings and equipment</b> €	<b>Motor vehicles</b> €	<b>Total</b> €
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 July 2024	166,735	92,309	171,106	430,150
Additions	-	4,825	24,711	29,536
At 30 June 2025	166,735	97,134	195,817	459,686
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 July 2024	26,679	63,241	107,152	197,072
Charge for the financial year	3,335	5,092	17,408	25,835
At 30 June 2025	30,014	68,333	124,560	222,907
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 30 June 2025	<b>136,721</b>	<b>28,801</b>	<b>71,257</b>	<b>236,779</b>
At 30 June 2024	140,056	29,068	63,954	233,078

**8. Stocks**

	<b>2025</b> €	<b>2024</b> €
Finished goods and goods for resale	<b>242,239</b>	262,691

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

**9. Debtors**

	<b>2025</b> €	<b>2024</b> €
Trade debtors	<b>28,027</b>	29,337
Prepayments	<b>5,654</b>	4,726
	<b>33,681</b>	34,063

## Tullaghan Limited

# NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

<b>10. Creditors</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Trade creditors	<b>159,749</b>	133,275
Taxation	<b>5,506</b>	36,388
Directors' current accounts	<b>32</b>	32
Accruals	<b>3,900</b>	3,900
	<b>169,187</b>	173,595
	<u><u>169,187</u></u>	<u><u>173,595</u></u>
<b>11. Profit and loss account</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
At 1 July 2024	<b>701,238</b>	525,924
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	<b>(113,194)</b>	175,314
At 30 June 2025	<b>588,044</b>	701,238
	<u><u>588,044</u></u>	<u><u>701,238</u></u>
<b>12. Capital commitments</b>		
The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 June 2025.		
<b>13. Directors' remuneration</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Remuneration	<b>152,534</b>	132,017
Pension contributions	<b>207,221</b>	50,573
	<b>359,755</b>	182,590
	<u><u>359,755</u></u>	<u><u>182,590</u></u>
<b>14. Post-Balance Sheet Events</b>		
There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.		
<b>15. Approval of financial statements</b>		
The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 4 February 2026.		