

**Carlanstown Stores Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 31 August 2025**

# Carlanstown Stores Limited

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# **Carlanstown Stores Limited**

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

The directors made the following statement in respect of the unaudited financial statements:

### **"General responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **Directors' declaration on unaudited financial statements**

In relation to the financial statements which comprise the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Shareholders' Funds and the related notes:

The directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgements underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have made available to McAuley Doggett Limited, (Chartered Accountants), all the company's accounting records and provided all the information, books and documents necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.

The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the financial year ended 31 August 2025."

### **Signed on behalf of the board**

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**Patrick Brogan**  
Director

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**Catherine Brogan**  
Director

**25 February 2026**

# Carlanstown Stores Limited

## BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 August 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	6	<u>516,365</u>	<u>526,002</u>
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Stocks	7	105,174	111,982
Debtors	8	42,522	39,342
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>182,022</u>	<u>159,646</u>
		<u>329,718</u>	<u>310,970</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	9	<u>(428,209)</u>	<u>(411,440)</u>
<b>Net Current Liabilities</b>		<u>(98,491)</u>	<u>(100,470)</u>
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		<u>417,874</u>	<u>425,532</u>
<b>Creditors:</b>			
amounts falling due after more than one year	10	<u>(349,911)</u>	<u>(365,231)</u>
<b>Net Assets</b>		<u><u>67,963</u></u>	<u><u>60,301</u></u>
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Revaluation reserve	11	15,664	26,206
Retained earnings		<u>52,199</u>	<u>33,995</u>
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the company</b>		<u><u>67,963</u></u>	<u><u>60,301</u></u>

# **Carlanstown Stores Limited**

## **BALANCE SHEET**

as at 31 August 2025

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Carlanstown Stores Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

**Approved by the board on 25 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:**

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**Patrick Brogan**  
Director

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**Catherine Brogan**  
Director

**Carlanstown Stores Limited**  
**RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS**

as at 31 August 2025

	Called up share capital €	Revaluation reserve €	Retained earnings €	Total €
<b>At 1 September 2023</b>	100	36,748	19,987	56,835
Profit for the financial year	-	-	3,466	3,466
Other movements in equity attributable to owners	-	(10,542)	10,542	-
<b>At 31 August 2024</b>	100	26,206	33,995	60,301
Profit for the financial year	-	-	7,662	7,662
Other movements in equity attributable to owners	-	(10,542)	10,542	-
<b>At 31 August 2025</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>15,664</b>	<b>52,199</b>	<b>67,963</b>

# Carlanstown Stores Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

### 1. General Information

Carlanstown Stores Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. 26 Laurence, Drogheda, Co. Louth, A92 P5VW is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The principal activity of the company continued to that of a retail supermarket. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 August 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the rights to consideration in exchange for its performance. Turnover comprises fair value of consideration received and receivables, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of the turnover can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transactions will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Long leasehold property	-	4% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	10% Straight line
Motor vehicles	-	20% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Leasing and hire purchases

Tangible assets held under leasing and Hire Purchases arrangements which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the company are capitalised and included in the Balance Sheet at their cost or valuation, less depreciation. The corresponding commitments are recorded as liabilities. Payments in respect of these obligations are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, with interest charged to the Profit and Loss Account.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

# Carlanstown Stores Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

### Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

### Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

### Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

<b>3. Operating profit</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
<b>Operating profit is stated after charging:</b>		
Depreciation of tangible assets	<b>58,046</b>	54,176
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>4. Interest payable and similar expenses</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
Interest	<b>25,235</b>	33,625
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**Carlanstown Stores Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

**5. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 29, (2024 - 35).

	<b>2025 Number</b>	2024 Number
Directors	<b>2</b>	2
Retail Staff	<b>33</b>	33
	<b>35</b>	35

**6. Tangible assets**

	Long leasehold property €	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Motor vehicles €	Total €
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 September 2024	308,294	778,029	52,190	1,138,513
Additions	-	48,409	-	48,409
At 31 August 2025	308,294	826,438	52,190	1,186,922
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 September 2024	97,481	462,840	52,190	612,511
Charge for the financial year	12,332	45,714	-	58,046
At 31 August 2025	109,813	508,554	52,190	670,557
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 31 August 2025	<b>198,481</b>	<b>317,884</b>	-	<b>516,365</b>
At 31 August 2024	210,813	315,189	-	526,002

**7. Stocks**

	<b>2025 €</b>	2024 €
Finished goods and goods for resale	<b>105,174</b>	111,982

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

**8. Debtors**

	<b>2025 €</b>	2024 €
Trade debtors	<b>25,545</b>	23,329
Other debtors	<b>7,979</b>	8,171
Prepayments	<b>8,998</b>	7,842
	<b>42,522</b>	39,342

**Carlanstown Stores Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

<b>9. Creditors</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Amounts owed to credit institutions	44,211	44,811
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	3,537	477
Trade creditors	317,916	300,391
Taxation	27,587	30,873
Accruals	34,958	34,888
	<u>428,209</u>	<u>411,440</u>

<b>10. Creditors</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Long Term Loans	349,911	365,231
	<u>349,911</u>	<u>365,231</u>

The long creditors relates to loans provided by Musgraves which is secured over farming property owned by the directors which is valued at in excess of €500,000. The term loan attracts interest of 5% P.A. above Euribor and is repayable over a period of 17 years with a monthly repayment of €3,606 beginning January 2023 and which includes both interest/capital.

<b>11. Income Statement</b>	<b>Revaluation reserve</b>	<b>Profit and loss account</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
At 1 September 2024	26,206	33,995	60,201
Transfer of realised profit	(10,542)	10,542	-
Profit for the financial year	-	7,662	7,662
At 31 August 2025	<u>15,664</u>	<u>52,199</u>	<u>67,863</u>

**12. Capital commitments**

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 August 2025.

<b>13. Directors' remuneration</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Remuneration	70,000	70,000
	<u>70,000</u>	<u>70,000</u>

**14. Post-Balance Sheet Events**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

**15. Approval of financial statements**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 February 2026.