

Company registration number 374582 (Ireland)

**LAUREL GREEN MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE**  
**ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025**

# LAUREL GREEN MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

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# LAUREL GREEN MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025**

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The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (Generally accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

Aine Mulderrig  
**Director**

Ruth O'Shaughnessy  
**Director**

31 March 2026

# LAUREL GREEN MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Notes	2025 €	€	2024 €	€
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	5	8,195		9,917	
Cash at bank and in hand		21,448		12,790	
		<u>29,643</u>		<u>22,707</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	7	(6,388)		(11,003)	
<b>Net current assets</b>			23,255		11,704
			<u>23,255</u>		<u>11,704</u>
<b>Reserves</b>					
Other reserves			1,046		-
Income and expenditure account			22,209		11,704
			<u>23,255</u>		<u>11,704</u>
<b>Total members' funds</b>			23,255		11,704
			<u>23,255</u>		<u>11,704</u>

We, as directors of Laurel Green Management Company Limited by Guarantee, state that:

(a) The company is availing itself of the exemption from audit provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014.

(b) The company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied.

(c) The shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2).

(d) The directors acknowledge the obligations of the company, under the Companies Act 2014:

(i) to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its surplus or deficit for such a year; and

(ii) to otherwise comply with the provisions of this Act relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company.

(e) The company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Statement Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 March 2026 and are signed on its behalf by:

Aine Mulderrig  
Director

Ruth O'Shaughnessy  
Director

# LAUREL GREEN MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Laurel Green Management Company Limited by Guarantee is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in Ireland. The registered office is B1 Swords Enterprise Park,, Feltrim Park, Swords, Co Dublin and its company registration number is 374582.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), as adapted by Section 1A of FRS 102, and the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in euros, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest €.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Income and expenditure

Income and expenses are included in the financial statements as they become receivable or due.

Expenses include VAT where applicable as the company cannot reclaim it.

#### 1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Trade debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

# LAUREL GREEN MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

### 1.5 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in surplus or deficit immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in surplus or deficit depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

### 1.6 Taxation

The company has obtained exemption from the Revenue Commissioners in respect of corporation tax, it being a company not carrying on a business for the purposes of making a profit. DIRT tax is payable on any interest income received in excess of €32.

### 1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

### 1.8 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than euros are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

# LAUREL GREEN MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025*

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### **2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows.

#### ***Bad Debts Provision***

While some service fees are in arrears for a number of years no provision has been made in the accounts for any possible bad debt. Service fees are a priority charge over the asset which means the property cannot be sold without the arrears of service charges being paid from the proceeds. On this basis, it is not considered necessary to make a provision.

# LAUREL GREEN MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

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	Notes	Sinking fund reserve €	Profit and loss reserves €	Total €
<b>Balance at 1 January 2024</b>		-	8,212	8,212
<b>Period ended 31 December 2024:</b>				
Surplus and total comprehensive income for the year		-	3,492	3,492
<b>Balance at 31 December 2024</b>		-	11,704	11,704
<b>Period ended 31 December 2025:</b>				
Surplus and total comprehensive income for the year		-	10,505	10,505
Movement in year		1,046	-	1,046
<b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>		1,046	22,209	23,255
<b>Sinking fund reserve movement</b>		€		
<b>Balance at 1 January 2025</b>		-		
Fees issued in year		4,975		
Expenditure in year		(3,930)		
<b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>		1,046		

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# LAUREL GREEN MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

### 3 Employees

There were no employees in the company during the year.

	2025 Number	2024 Number
Total	-	-

### 4 Income

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the Ireland.

There are 19 units in the multi-unit development from which the company is entitled to receive service charges with aggregate service charges billed for the year of €54,515 along with a further €4,975 for sinking fund. The fees for the coming year are €56,678 along with a further €5,791 for sinking fund.

Included in Debtors below is an amount of €3,632 relating to service charges due from 5 units for the current year. The balance of €Nil related to outstanding service charges from 0 unit for prior years.

Included in Creditors below are amounts of €150 relating to amounts received in advanced for 1 unit.

### 5 Debtors

	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
Service charges due	3,632	4,960
Prepayments	4,563	4,957
	<u>8,195</u>	<u>9,917</u>

### 6 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding €1.

### 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025 €	2024 €
Service charges paid in advance	150	3,234
Trade creditors	3,549	5,547
Accruals	2,689	2,222
	<u>6,388</u>	<u>11,003</u>

# LAUREL GREEN MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)

*FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025*

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### **8 Related party transactions**

Service charges of €13,116 were levied on the directors of the company for units in the development for which they own. Amounts unpaid and receivable as at 31 December 2025 from such units was €1,157.

### **9 Approval of financial statements**

The directors approved the financial statements on 31 March 2026.