

Company registration number: 638838

O'Connell Joinery Limited

Unaudited abridged financial statements

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

O'Connell Joinery Limited

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O'Connell Joinery Limited

Directors and other information

Director	Martin O'Connell
Secretary	Patrick O'Connell
Company number	638838
Registered office	Cloncollig Industrial Estate Church Road Tullamore Co. Offaly
Business address	Cloncollig Industrial Estate Church Road Tullamore Co. Offaly
Accountant	Joseph T. Mullen & Co Charlestown Clara Co. Offaly
Bankers	Bank of Ireland Tullamore Co. Offaly

O'Connell Joinery Limited

**Balance sheet
As at 31st December 2025**

	2025		2024	
	€	€	€	€
Fixed assets		7,706		5,161
Current assets	161,805		167,247	
Prepayments and accrued income	2,504		2,514	
		164,309		169,761
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(33,285)		(52,506)
Net current assets		131,024		117,255
Total assets less current liabilities		138,730		122,416
Accruals and deferred income		(16,500)		(2,150)
Net assets		122,230		120,266
Capital and reserves		122,230		120,266

I, as director of O'Connell Joinery Limited state that:

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- (c) the shareholder of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- (d) acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a micro company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the micro companies regime.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the director of the company on 22nd January 2026 and signed by:

Martin O'Connell
Director

O'Connell Joinery Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 31st December 2025

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is Cloncollig Industrial Estate, Church Road, Tullamore, Co. Offaly.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 105, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime'.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are measured initially at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

O'Connell Joinery Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st December 2025

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	- 12.5%	straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment	- 12.5%	straight line
Motor vehicles	- 20%	reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st December 2025

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially recognised at cost, which is the transaction price.

Investments in shares, subsidiaries or participating interests are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Derivatives are subsequently measured at the cost plus any transaction costs not immediately recognised in profit or loss less any impairment losses recognised to date. This is allocated to profit or loss over the term of the contract on a straight-line basis, unless another systematic basis of allocation is more appropriate.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at the cost plus any transaction costs not immediately recognised in profit or loss, plus accumulated interest income or expense recognised to date, less all repayments of principal or interest to date, less impairment.

Financial assets are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Share-based payments

Cash-settled share-based payment transactions are recognised when the goods or services are received, at which point a corresponding liability is recognised.

If grant conditions specify a period of service, the liability is increased throughout the vesting period as those services are rendered.

4. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	120,166	94,963
Profit for the financial year	1,964	25,203
At the end of the financial year	<u>122,130</u>	<u>120,166</u>

O'Connell Joinery Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31st December 2025

5. Directors transactions

Name of director or other person	Martin O'Connell	
	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	131	200
Advances made during the financial year	1,044	404
Amounts repaid during the financial year	(624)	(473)
At the end of the financial year	<u>551</u>	<u>131</u>