

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited
Annual Report and Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

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Shannon Precision Engineering Limited DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Directors	Dominic Murphy Jnr. Lucy Murphy
Company Secretary	Dominic Murphy Jnr.
Company Number	61191
Business Address	Unit O109 Shannon Industrial Estate Shannon Clare Ireland
Auditors	Carrig Chartered Accountants Limited Chartered Accountants and Statutory Registered Auditor 36 Fitzwilliam Square Dublin 2 Ireland
Bankers	Bank of Ireland

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

Principal Activity and Review of the Business

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of manufacture of tooling and engineering products.

There has been no significant change in these activities during the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

In common with all companies operating in Ireland, the company is facing increased competition. The current economic climate, lack of visibility going forward and retrenching consumer attitudes are all the principal risks being faced at present.

Results and Dividends

The profit for the financial year after providing for depreciation and taxation amounted to €513,773 (2024 - €474,121).

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

At the end of the financial year, the company has assets of €9,927,723 (2024 - €10,479,568) and liabilities of €5,676,781 (2024 - €6,742,399). The net assets of the company have increased by €513,773.

Directors and Secretary

The directors who served throughout the financial year were as follows:

Dominic Murphy Jnr.
Lucy Murphy

The secretary who served throughout the financial year was Dominic Murphy Jnr..

The directors' and the secretary's interests in the shares of the company are as follows:

Name	Class of Shares	Number Held At 31/03/25	Number Held At 01/04/24
Dominic Murphy Jnr.	Ordinary share	<u>174,900</u>	<u>174,900</u>

Lucy Murphy had no direct beneficial interest in the shares of the company at the beginning or end of the financial year.

There were no changes in shareholdings between 31 March 2025 and the date of signing the financial statements.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the directors retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Future Developments

The company plans to continue its present activities and current trading levels. Employees are kept as fully informed as practicable about developments within the business.

Post Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

Auditors

Carrig Chartered Accountants Limited, (Chartered Accountants), were appointed auditors by the directors to fill the casual vacancy and they have expressed their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

Taxation Status

The company is a close company within the meaning of the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997.

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

Accounting Records

To ensure that adequate accounting records are kept in accordance with sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems. The accounting records are located at the company's office at Unit O109, Shannon Industrial Estate, Shannon, Clare.

Signed on behalf of the board

Dominic Murphy Jnr.
Director

Lucy Murphy
Director

17 December 2025

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Dominic Murphy Jnr.
Director

Lucy Murphy
Director

17 December 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Shareholders of Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Shannon Precision Engineering Limited ('the company') for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Shareholders' Funds, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 March 2025 and of its profit for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Shareholders of Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is contained in the appendix to this report, located at page 9, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company shareholders in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company shareholders for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Brian Carrig

for and on behalf of

CARRIG CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS LIMITED

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Registered Auditor

36 Fitzwilliam Square

Dublin 2

Ireland

17 December 2025

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

APPENDIX TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Revenue	3	11,284,915	10,303,013
Cost of sales		(7,613,018)	(8,818,426)
Gross profit		3,671,897	1,484,587
Administrative expenses		(3,007,986)	(828,170)
Operating profit	4	663,911	656,417
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	(150,138)	(127,278)
Profit before taxation		513,773	529,139
Tax on profit	7	-	(55,018)
Profit for the financial year		513,773	474,121
Total comprehensive income		513,773	474,121

Approved by the board on 17 December 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

Dominic Murphy Jnr.
Director

Lucy Murphy
Director

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	8	<u>4,618,497</u>	<u>5,189,038</u>
Current Assets			
Stocks	9	1,460,628	957,808
Debtors	10	2,248,495	2,521,441
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>1,600,103</u>	<u>1,811,281</u>
		<u>5,309,226</u>	<u>5,290,530</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	<u>(3,018,453)</u>	<u>(3,700,678)</u>
Net Current Assets		<u>2,290,773</u>	<u>1,589,852</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>6,909,270</u>	<u>6,778,890</u>
Creditors:			
amounts falling due after more than one year	13	<u>(2,658,328)</u>	<u>(3,041,721)</u>
Net Assets		<u><u>4,250,942</u></u>	<u><u>3,737,169</u></u>
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity	15	222,077	222,077
Retained earnings		<u>4,028,865</u>	<u>3,515,092</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u><u>4,250,942</u></u>	<u><u>3,737,169</u></u>

Approved by the board on 17 December 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

Dominic Murphy Jnr.
 Director

Lucy Murphy
 Director

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited
RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

as at 31 March 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 April 2023	222,077	3,040,971	3,263,048
Profit for the financial year	-	474,121	474,121
At 31 March 2024	222,077	3,515,092	3,737,169
Profit for the financial year	-	513,773	513,773
At 31 March 2025	222,077	4,028,865	4,250,942

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit for the financial year		513,773	474,121
Adjustments for:			
Interest payable and similar expenses		150,138	127,278
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		-	55,018
Depreciation		794,354	621,062
Profit/loss on disposal of tangible assets		-	(350,664)
		<u>1,458,265</u>	<u>926,815</u>
Movements in working capital:			
Movement in stocks		(502,820)	226
Movement in debtors		272,946	404,322
Movement in creditors		(683,032)	155,605
		<u>545,359</u>	<u>1,486,968</u>
Cash generated from operations		545,359	1,486,968
Interest paid		(150,138)	(127,278)
Tax paid		(55,018)	(43,612)
		<u>340,203</u>	<u>1,316,078</u>
Net cash generated from operating activities		340,203	1,316,078
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments to acquire tangible assets		(338,508)	(795,180)
Receipts from sales of tangible assets		-	350,664
		<u>(338,508)</u>	<u>(444,516)</u>
Net cash used in investment activities		(338,508)	(444,516)
Cash flows from financing activities			
New long term loan		(200,000)	-
Repayment of short term loan		(314,825)	(168,896)
Capital element of finance lease contracts		301,952	(9,380)
		<u>(212,873)</u>	<u>(178,276)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities		(212,873)	(178,276)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(211,178)	693,286
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		1,811,281	1,117,995
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	11	<u>1,600,103</u>	<u>1,811,281</u>

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. General Information

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a medium company as defined by section 280F of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year.

Revenue

Revenue comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	2% Straight line at start of year
Plant and machinery	-	15% Straight line at start of year
Fixtures, fittings and office equipment	-	12.5% Straight line at start of year
Motor vehicles	-	20% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Leasing and hire purchases

Tangible assets held under leasing and Hire Purchases arrangements which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the company are capitalised and included in the Balance Sheet at their cost or valuation, less depreciation. The corresponding commitments are recorded as liabilities. Payments in respect of these obligations are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, with interest charged to the Profit and Loss Account.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Research and development

Research expenditure is written off to the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which it is incurred.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Revenue

The revenue for the financial year is analysed as follows:

	2025 €	2024 €
Republic of Ireland	5,530,190	5,270,528
Export	5,350,869	4,878,665
Other sales	403,856	153,820
	<u>11,284,915</u>	<u>10,303,013</u>

Revenue attributable to geographical markets outside the Republic of Ireland amounted to 47% for the financial year.

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. Operating profit	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of tangible assets	794,354	621,062
(Profit) on disposal of tangible assets	-	(350,664)
Research and development - expenditure in current financial year	1,547,820	-
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>
5. Interest payable and similar expenses	2025	2024
	€	€
On bank loans and overdrafts	58,369	51,861
Hire purchase interest	91,769	75,417
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>
	150,138	127,278
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>
6. Employees and remuneration		
Number of employees		
The average number of persons employed (including executive directors) during the financial year was as follows:		
	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Administration	6	6
Production and Engineering	70	63
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>
	76	69
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>
The staff costs (inclusive of directors' salaries) comprise:	2025	2024
	€	€
Wages and salaries	2,309,397	2,709,264
Pension costs	6,263	6,133
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>
	2,315,660	2,715,397
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

7. Tax on profit

	2025 €	2024 €
(a) Analysis of charge in the financial year		
Current tax:		
Corporation tax at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%) (Note 7 (b))	-	55,018

(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the financial year

The tax assessed for the financial year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the Republic of Ireland 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%). The differences are explained below:

	2025 €	2024 €
Profit taxable at 12.50%	<u>513,773</u>	<u>529,139</u>
Profit before tax multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the Republic of Ireland at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%)	64,222	66,142
Effects of:		
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(5,137)	(11,124)
R&D Credit	(59,085)	-
Total tax charge for the financial year (Note 7 (a))	<u>-</u>	<u>55,018</u>

8. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings freehold	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and office equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	€	€	€	€	€
Cost					
At 1 April 2024	1,767,720	9,081,421	188,604	49,922	11,087,667
Additions	-	223,813	-	-	223,813
At 31 March 2025	<u>1,767,720</u>	<u>9,305,234</u>	<u>188,604</u>	<u>49,922</u>	<u>11,311,480</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2024	245,072	5,513,358	97,356	42,843	5,898,629
Charge for the financial year	34,814	739,871	16,129	3,540	794,354
At 31 March 2025	<u>279,886</u>	<u>6,253,229</u>	<u>113,485</u>	<u>46,383</u>	<u>6,692,983</u>
Net book value					
At 31 March 2025	<u>1,487,834</u>	<u>3,052,005</u>	<u>75,119</u>	<u>3,539</u>	<u>4,618,497</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>1,522,648</u>	<u>3,568,063</u>	<u>91,248</u>	<u>7,079</u>	<u>5,189,038</u>

8.1. Tangible assets continued

Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts as follows:

	2025 Net book value €	Depreciation charge €	2024 Net book value €	Depreciation charge €
Plant and machinery	<u>1,111,972</u>	<u>359,374</u>	<u>1,471,346</u>	<u>383,166</u>

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

9. Stocks	2025	2024
	€	€
Finished goods and goods for resale	1,460,628	957,808
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.		
10. Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	1,979,803	2,147,767
Other debtors	218,694	188,867
Taxation (Note 14)	32,206	135,154
Prepayments	17,792	49,653
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	2,248,495	2,521,441
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
11. Cash and cash equivalents	2025	2024
	€	€
Cash and bank balances	1,550,831	1,762,191
Cash equivalents	49,272	49,090
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	1,600,103	1,811,281
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
12. Creditors	2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year	€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions	245,485	304,355
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	613,817	499,122
Trade creditors	1,521,082	1,954,676
Taxation (Note 14)	67,343	111,397
Directors' current accounts (Note 17)	10,200	10,200
Other creditors	10,713	-
Accruals	549,813	820,928
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	3,018,453	3,700,678
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

13. Creditors			2025	2024
Amounts falling due after more than one year			€	€
Bank loan			831,681	1,287,636
Finance leases and hire purchase contracts			1,826,647	1,754,085
			2,658,328	3,041,721
Loans				
Repayable in one year or less, or on demand (Note 12)			245,485	304,355
Repayable between one and two years			396,427	396,427
Repayable between two and five years			435,254	891,209
			1,077,166	1,591,991
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts				
Repayable within one year			613,817	499,122
Repayable between one and five years			1,826,647	1,754,085
			2,440,464	2,253,207
14. Taxation			2025	2024
			€	€
Debtors:				
VAT			32,206	135,154
Creditors:				
Corporation tax			-	55,018
PAYE			67,343	56,379
			67,343	111,397
15. Share capital			2025	2024
			€	€
Description	Number of shares	Value of units		
Authorised				
Ordinary Shares	500,000	€1.269738 each	634,869	634,869
Allotted, called up and fully paid				
Ordinary Shares	174,900	€1.269738 each	222,077	222,077
16. Capital commitments				
The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 March 2025.				
17. Directors' remuneration and transactions			2025	2024
			€	€
Remuneration			80,963	70,123
Pension contributions			2,600	2,469
			83,563	72,592

Shannon Precision Engineering Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

The following amounts are repayable to the directors:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Dominic Murphy Jnr.	<u>10,200</u>	<u>10,200</u>

18. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

19 Reconciliation of Net Cash Flow to Movement in Net Debt

	Opening balance	Cash flows	Other changes	Closing balance
	€	€	€	€
Long-term borrowings	(1,287,636)	200,000	255,955	(831,681)
Short-term borrowings	(304,355)	314,825	(255,955)	(245,485)
Finance lease and hire purchase	(2,253,207)	(301,952)	114,695	(2,440,464)
Total liabilities from financing activities	<u>(3,845,198)</u>	<u>212,873</u>	<u>114,695</u>	<u>(3,517,630)</u>
Total Cash and cash equivalents (Note 11)				<u>1,600,103</u>
Total net debt				<u>(1,917,527)</u>

20. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 17 December 2025.