

Rois Holdings Limited
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Rois Holdings Limited
CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' Responsibilities Statement	3
Balance Sheet	4 - 5
Reconciliation of Shareholders' Funds	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7 - 11

Rois Holdings Limited
DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

David Mc Loughlin
Director

Bernadette Mc Loughlin
Director

29 January 2026

Rois Holdings Limited

BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 April 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	5	1,701,295	1,701,295
Investments	6	2,180,050	2,180,050
Fixed Assets		<u>3,881,345</u>	<u>3,881,345</u>
Current Assets			
Debtors	7	179	-
Cash and cash equivalents		1,742,023	1,743,517
		<u>1,742,202</u>	<u>1,743,517</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(3,401,008)</u>	<u>(3,299,603)</u>
Net Current Liabilities		<u>(1,658,806)</u>	<u>(1,556,086)</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>2,222,539</u>	<u>2,325,259</u>
Creditors:			
amounts falling due after more than one year	9	<u>(334,032)</u>	<u>(438,427)</u>
Net Assets		<u>1,888,507</u>	<u>1,886,832</u>
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		6	6
Share premium account	10	1,871,996	1,871,996
Retained earnings		16,505	14,830
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u>1,888,507</u>	<u>1,886,832</u>

Rois Holdings Limited
BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 April 2025

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Rois Holdings Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 359 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 29 January 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

David Mc Loughlin
Director

Bernadette Mc Loughlin
Director

Rois Holdings Limited
RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

as at 30 April 2025

	Called up share capital €	Share premium account €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 May 2023	6	1,871,996	10,206	1,882,208
Profit for the financial year	-	-	4,624	4,624
At 30 April 2024	6	1,871,996	14,830	1,886,832
Profit for the financial year	-	-	1,675	1,675
At 30 April 2025	6	1,871,996	16,505	1,888,507

Rois Holdings Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

1. General Information

Rois Holdings Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. The registered office of the company is Tullyleague, Carrik on Shannon, Co. Roscommon, Ireland. The principle activity of the company is the holding of investments. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 April 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280B of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Consolidated accounts

The company is entitled to the exemption provided for in section 293 (1A) of the Companies Act 2014 from the obligation to prepare group accounts because it qualifies as a small company in accordance with the small companies' regime.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Investment properties

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income, or for capital appreciation (including future re-development) or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Investment property is initially measured at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is subsequently valued at its fair value at each reporting date, by professional external valuers. The difference between the fair value of an investment property at the reporting date and its carrying value prior to the valuation is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account as a fair value gain or loss. Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value. Income from other investments together with any related withholding tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which it is receivable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Rois Holdings Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Interest payable and similar expenses	2025	2024
	€	€
Interest	<u>18,435</u>	<u>24,369</u>

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 2, (2024 - 2).

	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Directors	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

Rois Holdings Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

5. Tangible assets

	Investment properties	Total
	€	€
Cost		
At 1 May 2024	1,701,295	1,701,295
At 30 April 2025	1,701,295	1,701,295
Depreciation		
At 1 May 2024	-	-
At 30 April 2025	-	-
Net book value		
At 30 April 2025	<u>1,701,295</u>	<u>1,701,295</u>
At 30 April 2024	<u>1,701,295</u>	<u>1,701,295</u>

6. Investments

	Subsidiary undertakings shares	Total
	€	€
Investments		
Cost		
At 30 April 2025	2,180,050	2,180,050
Net book value		
At 30 April 2025	<u>2,180,050</u>	<u>2,180,050</u>
At 30 April 2024	<u>2,180,050</u>	<u>2,180,050</u>

6.1. Holdings in related undertakings

The company holds 20% or more of the share capital of the following companies:

Name	Registered office / Principal place of business and address of Registered Office	Nature of business	Details of investment	Proportion held by company
Subsidiary undertaking Rois Enterprises Limited	Tullyleague Carrick on Shannon Roscommopn	Retailing of cigarettes from automatic vending machines	Ordinary shares	100%
Mc Loughlin Transport Services Limited	Ardconra Carrick on Shannon Co. Roscommon	Provision of warehousing and distribution of goods.	Ordinary Shares	100%

7. Debtors

	2025 €	2024 €
Taxation	<u>179</u>	<u>-</u>

Rois Holdings Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

8. Creditors		2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year		€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions		123,768	123,768
Amounts owed to group undertakings		2,962,871	2,843,216
Taxation		1,612	2,534
Directors' current accounts (Note 12)		300,051	316,441
Accruals		12,706	13,644
		<u>3,401,008</u>	<u>3,299,603</u>
9. Creditors		2025	2024
Amounts falling due after more than one year		€	€
Bank loan		334,032	438,427
Loans			
Repayable in one year or less, or on demand		123,768	123,768
Repayable between one and two years		123,768	123,768
Repayable between two and five years		210,264	247,536
Repayable in five years or more		-	67,123
		<u>457,800</u>	<u>562,195</u>
10. Income Statement			
	Share premium account	Profit and loss account	Total
	€	€	€
At 1 May 2024	1,871,996	14,830	1,886,826
Profit for the financial year	-	1,675	1,675
At 30 April 2025	<u>1,871,996</u>	<u>16,505</u>	<u>1,888,501</u>

Share Premium Reserve

The amount carried forward is the premium that arose from the issue of shares in 2010.

11. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 April 2025.

12. Directors' transactions

The following amounts are repayable to the directors:

	2025	2024
	€	€
David Mc Loughlin	300,051	316,441

13. Related party transactions

Transactions with group companies include .

The company rented its premises in the period to its subsidiary company, Mc Loughlin Transport Services Ltd for €42,000 (2023 €42,000). Rois Holdings Ltd own 100% of the share capital of Mc Loughlin Transport Services Ltd.

Rois Holdings Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

14. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

15. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 January 2026.