

**Describe Data Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 31 December 2025**

**Describe Data Limited**  
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## **Describe Data Limited**

# **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**Signed on behalf of the board**

**Michael Crawford**  
Director

**Gerard De Vere**  
Director

**18 February 2026**

**Describe Data Limited**  
**BALANCE SHEET**

as at 31 December 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	6	<u>7,306</u>	<u>5,369</u>
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Debtors	7	25,725	36,218
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>24,601</u>	<u>9,150</u>
		<u>50,326</u>	<u>45,368</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	8	<u>(49,290)</u>	<u>(38,439)</u>
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		<u>1,036</u>	<u>6,929</u>
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		<u><u>8,342</u></u>	<u><u>12,298</u></u>
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		1	1
Retained earnings		<u>8,341</u>	<u>12,297</u>
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the company</b>		<u><u>8,342</u></u>	<u><u>12,298</u></u>

## **Describe Data Limited**

# **BALANCE SHEET**

as at 31 December 2025

We as Directors of Describe Data Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

**Approved by the board on 18 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:**

**Michael Crawford**  
Director

**Gerard De Vere**  
Director

**Describe Data Limited****RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS**

as at 31 December 2025

	<b>Called up share capital €</b>	<b>Retained earnings €</b>	<b>Total €</b>
<b>At 1 January 2024</b>	1	(16,959)	(16,958)
Profit for the financial year	-	29,256	29,256
<b>At 31 December 2024</b>	1	12,297	12,298
Loss for the financial year	-	(3,956)	(3,956)
<b>At 31 December 2025</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8,341</b>	<b>8,342</b>

# Describe Data Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

### 1. General Information

Describe Data Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 647522. The registered office of the company is Dogpatch Labs, The CHQ Building, Custom House Quay, Dublin 1 which is also the principal place of business of the company. The principal activity of the business is providing specialised technology consulting to the insurance industry. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2025 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

#### Cash flow statement

The company has availed of the exemption in FRS 102 from the requirement to prepare a Cash Flow Statement because it is classified as a small company.

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

#### Government Grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

#### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	12.5% Straight line
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The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

**Describe Data Limited****NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

**Trade and other debtors**

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

**Trade and other creditors**

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

**Taxation and deferred taxation**

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

**Foreign currencies**

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

**Ordinary share capital**

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

<b>3. Operating (loss)/profit</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
<b>Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting):</b>		
Depreciation of tangible assets	<b>1,378</b>	965
Loss/(profit) on foreign currencies	<b>213</b>	(57)
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>

**4. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 3, (2024 - 3).

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	<b>Number</b>	Number
Ordinary	<b>3</b>	3
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>

## Describe Data Limited

**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

**5. Tax on (loss)/profit**

	2025 €	2024 €
<b>(a) Analysis of charge in the financial year</b>		
<b>Current tax:</b>		
Corporation tax at 0.00% (2024 - 12.50%) (Note 5 (b))	-	1,846

**(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the financial year**

The tax assessed for the financial year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the Republic of Ireland. The differences are explained below:

	2025 €	2024 €
(Loss)/profit taxable at 0.00%	<u>(3,956)</u>	<u>31,102</u>
(Loss)/profit before tax multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the Republic of Ireland at 0.00% (2024 - 12.50%)	-	3,888
<b>Effects of:</b>		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	62
Utilisation of tax losses	-	(2,104)
Total tax charge for the financial year (Note 5 (a))	<u>-</u>	<u>1,846</u>

No charge to tax arises due to loss in the year.

**6. Tangible assets**

	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Total €
<b>Cost</b>		
At 1 January 2025	7,718	7,718
Additions	3,315	3,315
At 31 December 2025	<u>11,033</u>	<u>11,033</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 1 January 2025	2,349	2,349
Charge for the financial year	1,378	1,378
At 31 December 2025	<u>3,727</u>	<u>3,727</u>
<b>Net book value</b>		
At 31 December 2025	<u>7,306</u>	<u>7,306</u>
At 31 December 2024	<u>5,369</u>	<u>5,369</u>

**7. Debtors**

	2025 €	2024 €
Trade debtors	25,725	35,700
Taxation	-	518
	<u>25,725</u>	<u>36,218</u>

**Describe Data Limited****NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

<b>8. Creditors</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Trade creditors	<b>145</b>	321
Taxation	<b>5,522</b>	3,495
Directors' current accounts (Note 11)	<b>42,001</b>	33,001
Accruals	<b>1,622</b>	1,622
	<b>49,290</b>	38,439

**9. Income Statement**

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
At 1 January 2025	<b>12,297</b>	(16,959)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	<b>(3,956)</b>	29,256
At 31 December 2025	<b>8,341</b>	12,297

**10. Capital commitments**

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2025.

**11. Directors' remuneration and transactions**

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Remuneration	<b>124,500</b>	70,000
Pension contributions	<b>120,000</b>	206,000
	<b>244,500</b>	276,000

The following amounts are repayable to the directors:

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Gerard De Vere	<b>14,000</b>	11,000
Michael Crawford	<b>14,000</b>	11,000
Michael Cooney	<b>14,001</b>	11,001
	<b>42,001</b>	33,001

**12. Post-Balance Sheet Events**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

**13. Approval of financial statements**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 18 February 2026.