

**Company registration number: 33171**

**Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited  
Trading as Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited  
Unaudited abridged financial statements  
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025**

# Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited

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## **Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited**

### **Directors and other information**

<b>Directors</b>	Patrick Carthy Graham Carthy
<b>Secretary</b>	Patrick Carthy
<b>Company number</b>	33171
<b>Registered office</b>	Riverview Business Centre Hazelhatch Road Celbridge Co. Kildare
<b>Business address</b>	84 Marlborough Street Dublin 1
<b>Accountants</b>	McGrath & Company Riverview Business Centre Hazelhatch Road Celbridge Co. Kildare

## **Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited**

### **Directors responsibilities statement**

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited

### Balance sheet As at 30 April 2025

	Note	2025 €	€	2024 €	€
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets		191		212	
			191		212
<b>Current assets</b>					
Stocks		848,741		741,846	
Debtors		101,292		126,641	
Cash at bank and in hand		12,341		19,528	
		<u>962,374</u>		<u>888,015</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		<u>(31,695)</u>		<u>(35,059)</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>930,679</u>		<u>852,956</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>930,870</u>		<u>853,168</u>
<b>Net assets</b>			<u><u>930,870</u></u>		<u><u>853,168</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital presented as equity	6		127		127
Profit and loss account			<u>930,743</u>		<u>853,041</u>
<b>Shareholders funds</b>			<u><u>930,870</u></u>		<u><u>853,168</u></u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

**Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited**

**Balance sheet (continued)  
As at 30 April 2025**

We, as directors of Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited state that:

- the company is availing itself of audit exemption - the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 10 February 2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Patrick Carthy  
Director

Graham Carthy  
Director

## Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### 1. General information

The financial statements comprising the profit and loss account, balance sheet and related notes constitute the individual financial statements of Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited for the financial year ended 30 April 2025.

Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited is a private company limited by shares (registered under Part 2 of Companies Act 2014), incorporated and registered in Ireland (CRO number 33171). The registered office is Riverview Business Centre, Hazelhatch Road, Celbridge, Co. Kildare.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

##### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

##### Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

## Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Computer equipment	- 20%	reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	- 10%	reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

#### Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

## Carthy's Pawnbroking Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### Judgements

The directors consider the accounting assumptions below to be its critical accounting judgements:

#### Going concern

The directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### 4. Profit before tax

Profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	<b>2025</b>		<b>2024</b>
	€		€
Depreciation of tangible assets	21		24
	<u>21</u>		<u>24</u>

#### 5. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	<b>2025</b>		<b>2024</b>
	€		€
At the start of the financial year	853,041		783,135
Profit for the financial year	77,702		69,906
<b>At the end of the financial year</b>	<u>930,743</u>		<u>853,041</u>

#### 6. Share capital

##### Authorised share capital

	<b>2025</b>		<b>2024</b>	
	Number	€	Number	€
Ordinary shares shares of € 1.27 each	45,000	57,150	45,000	57,150
	<u>45,000</u>	<u>57,150</u>	<u>45,000</u>	<u>57,150</u>

##### Issued, called up and fully paid

	<b>2025</b>		<b>2024</b>	
	Number	€	Number	€
<b>Amounts presented in equity:</b>				
Ordinary shares shares of € 1.27 each	100	127	100	127
	<u>100</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>127</u>

#### 7. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 10 February 2026.