

K Wignall Dance Limited
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

K Wignall Dance Limited
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K Wignall Dance Limited

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Eoin Lowry
Director

Karen Wignall
Director

10 February 2026

K Wignall Dance Limited

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 August 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		23,490	17,090
Payables: amounts falling due within one year	5	(4,137)	(3,904)
Net Current Assets		19,353	13,186
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		19,353	13,186
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Retained earnings		19,253	13,086
Equity attributable to owners of the company		19,353	13,186

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of K Wignall Dance Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 10 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

Eoin Lowry
Director

Karen Wignall
Director

K Wignall Dance Limited
RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

as at 31 August 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 September 2023	100	10,279	10,379
Profit for the financial year	-	2,807	2,807
At 31 August 2024	100	13,086	13,186
Profit for the financial year	-	6,167	6,167
At 31 August 2025	100	19,253	19,353

K Wignall Dance Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

1. General Information

K Wignall Dance Limited is an unlimited company incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 652614. The registered office of the company is 9 Connawood Walk, Old Connawood, Bray, Co Wicklow. The principle activity of the company is to learn Ballet and Barre. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 August 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Government Grant

Government grants supports are recognised at fair value in the profit and loss account where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and that the company has complied with all attached conditions.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

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NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources and are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 3, (2024 - 3).

	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Administration	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>

5. Payables Amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade payables	192	192
Taxation	1,948	1,339
Directors' current accounts (Note 8)	160	160
Other creditors	937	1,313
Accruals	900	900
	<u>4,137</u>	<u>3,904</u>

6. Income Statement

	2025	2024
	€	€
At 1 September 2024	13,086	10,279
Profit for the financial year	6,167	2,807
	<u>19,253</u>	<u>13,086</u>

7. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 August 2025.

8. Directors' remuneration and transactions

	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	9,600	10,589
Pension contributions	7,100	4,350
	<u>16,700</u>	<u>14,939</u>

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NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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The following amounts are repayable to the directors:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Eoin Lowry	160	160

9. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

10. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 10 February 2026.