

Company registration number: 74245

Crawford Catering Limited
Unaudited abridged financial statements
for the financial year ended 31 May 2025

Crawford Catering Limited

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Crawford Catering Limited

Directors and other information

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Directors | Mr John McLoughlin Mr. Brian Greene |
| Secretary | John McLoughlin |
| Company number | 74245 |
| Registered office | 21 Church Street Athlone Co. Westmeath |
| Business address | 21 Church Street Athlone Co. Westmeath |
| Accountants | Lex Stronge Ltd. 1 Main Street, Athlone, Co. Westmeath |
| Bankers | Pepper Finance 4th Floor, Two Park Place Upper Hatch Street Dublin Dublin 2 Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c. 1 Custume Place Athlone Co Westmeath |
| Solicitors | Hugh J. Campbell & Co. Shannon House Athlone Co. Westmeath |

Crawford Catering Limited

Directors responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 105 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime (FRS 105).

As such the directors are responsible for preparing financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 with which the company is obliged to comply, including the appropriate use of the going concern basis of accounting, which is consistent with those requirements, and having availed of the exemptions to which the company is entitled by virtue of qualifying for the micro companies regime and FRS 105. Thereby, the financial statements are presumed, in law, to give a true and fair view without any consideration of any other circumstances, factors, accounting principles or disclosures.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2014. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Crawford Catering Limited

Accountants' Report to the board of directors on the Unaudited abridged financial statements of Crawford Catering Limited

In accordance with the engagement letter dated 9 February 2026, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2014, we have compiled the financial statements which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet and related notes from the accounting records and information and explanations you have given to us.

This report is made to the company's board of directors, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the financial statements that we have been engaged to compile, report to the company's board of directors that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's board of directors for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Institute relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements.

You have acknowledged on the balance sheet for the financial year ended 31 May 2025 your duty under the Companies Act 2014 to ensure that the company has kept adequate accounting records and prepared financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for that financial year, and otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for the financial year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the financial statements. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

Lex Stronge Ltd.
Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

1 Main Street,
Athlone,
Co. Westmeath

2 March 2026

Crawford Catering Limited

Balance sheet As at 31 May 2025

| | 2025 € | 2024 € |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Fixed assets | 69,817 | 69,817 |
| Current assets | 20,828 | 25,265 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | (186,826) | (191,641) |
| Net current liabilities | (165,998) | (166,376) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | (96,181) | (96,559) |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | (1,001,004) | (1,001,004) |
| Accruals and deferred income | (6,704) | (6,067) |
| Net liabilities | (1,103,889) | (1,103,630) |
| Capital and reserves | (1,103,889) | (1,103,630) |

We, as directors of Crawford Catering Limited state that:

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a micro company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the micro companies regime.

Crawford Catering Limited

Balance sheet (continued)
As at 31 May 2025

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 2 March 2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr John McLoughlin
Director

Mr. Brian Greene
Director

Crawford Catering Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 31 May 2025

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is 21 Church Street, Athlone, Co. Westmeath.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 105, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime'.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 (the Act) and FRS 105 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland. The company qualifies as a micro company for the period, as defined by section 280D of the Act, in respect of the financial year and has applied the rules of the 'Micro Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280E of the Act and FRS 105.

Going concern

These Accounts have been prepared using the going concern basis. Crawford Catering Ltd owed a substantial sum to Ulster Bank. (€ 1,001,004) as at 31 May 2025. These loans have been in default for a number of years. The loans are secured on the company premises and reinforced by personal guarantee from Mr. John Mc Loughlin. If the bank choose to enforce the loan demand it would inevitably result in the sale of the premises and would therefore have a material effect on the applicability of the going concern basis used in the Account preparation.

In relation to the amounts outlined in Going Concern above on the 20th December 2023 the Directors were informed that Ulster Bank Ltd had transferred the loan portfolio for Crawford Catering Ltd to Pepper Finance Corporation (Ireland) DAC. The statement of transfer was in relation to loans amounting to €934,765, no adjustments has been made to the financial statements 31/05/2025 and the Going Concern note above is still applicable to the company results.

No Interest has been provided on this debt outstanding €1,001,004 for the last number of years.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 May 2025

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are measured initially at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

| | |
|-------------------|------|
| Freehold property | - 4% |
|-------------------|------|

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Crawford Catering Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 May 2025

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially recognised at cost, which is the transaction price.

Investments in shares, subsidiaries or participating interests are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Derivatives are subsequently measured at the cost plus any transaction costs not immediately recognised in profit or loss less any impairment losses recognised to date. This is allocated to profit or loss over the term of the contract on a straight-line basis, unless another systematic basis of allocation is more appropriate.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at the cost plus any transaction costs not immediately recognised in profit or loss, plus accumulated interest income or expense recognised to date, less all repayments of principal or interest to date, less impairment.

Financial assets are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Crawford Catering Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 May 2025

4. Appropriations of profit and loss account

| | 2025 | 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | € | € |
| At the start of the financial year | (1,154,430) | (1,155,205) |
| (Loss)/profit for the financial year | (259) | 775 |
| At the end of the financial year | <u>(1,154,689)</u> | <u>(1,154,430)</u> |

5. Directors transactions

During the financial year the company entered into the following arrangements relating to loans, quasi-loans and credit transactions:

| | 2025 | 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | € | € |
| At the start of the financial year | 160,328 | 159,128 |
| Advances made during the financial year | - | 1,200 |
| At the end of the financial year | <u>160,328</u> | <u>160,328</u> |

Disclosure for each director or other person is as follows:

John McLoughlin

| | 2025 | 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | € | € |
| At the start of the financial year | 160,328 | 159,128 |
| Advances made during the financial year | - | 1,200 |
| At the end of the financial year | <u>160,328</u> | <u>160,328</u> |