

**Company registration number: 738147**

**CMA Asset Holdings Limited**

**Abridged unaudited financial statements**

**for the financial year ended 31 March 2025**

## **CMA Asset Holdings Limited**

### **Abridged financial statements**

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## **CMA Asset Holdings Limited**

### **Directors and other information at date of approval of financial statements**

<b>Directors</b>	Conor Brady Oxana Brady
<b>Secretary</b>	Conor Brady
<b>Company number</b>	738147
<b>Registered office</b>	Millgrange Greenore Carlingford Louth
<b>Business address</b>	Millgrange Greenore Carlingford Louth
<b>Accountant</b>	Briody & Co. Chartered Accountants 60 Anne Street Dundalk Louth A91 KN28

## CMA Asset Holdings Limited

### Directors responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors' Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

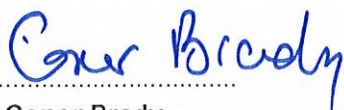
Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that standard, which is issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland ("relevant financial reporting framework"). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly compiled. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board:



**Conor Brady**  
Director



**Oxana Brady**  
Director

16 September 2025

**CMA Asset Holdings Limited**

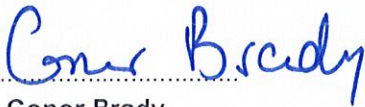
**Directors responsibilities statement**

**Directors' declaration on the unaudited financial statements**

In relation to the financial statements:

- The directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgements underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business;
- The directors confirm that they have made available to Briody & Co., the company's accounting records and provided all the information necessary for the compilation of the financial statements; and
- The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

On behalf of the board:



**Conor Brady**  
*Director*



**Oxana Brady**  
*Director*

16 September 2025

## CMA Asset Holdings Limited

### Balance sheet as at 31 March 2025

	Note	2025 €	€	2024 €	€
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	4	100		100	
		<u>100</u>		<u>100</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			100		100
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>100</u>		<u>100</u>
<b>Net assets</b>			<u>100</u>		<u>100</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital presented as equity			100		100
<b>Shareholders funds</b>			<u>100</u>		<u>100</u>

The company did not trade during the current or preceding period and has made neither profit nor loss, nor any other recognised gains or losses.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

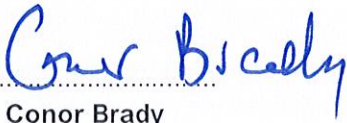
We, as directors of CMA Asset Holdings Limited state that:

- the company is availing itself of the audit exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a company that qualifies for the small companies regime and confirm that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

**CMA Asset Holdings Limited**

**Balance sheet (continued)  
as at 31 March 2025**

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 16 September 2025 and signed on behalf of the board by:



**Conor Brady**  
*Director*



**Oxana Brady**  
*Director*

## **CMA Asset Holdings Limited**

### **Notes to the abridged financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025**

#### **1. General information**

The financial statements comprising the balance sheet and related notes constitute the individual financial statements of CMA Asset Holdings Limited for the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

CMA Asset Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares (registered under Part 2 of Companies Act 2014), incorporated and registered in the Republic of Ireland (CRO Number 738147). The registered office is Millgrange, Greenore Carlingford, Louth, , which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the full financial statements.

#### **Statement of Compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The financial reporting standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102), applying section 1A of that Standard.

#### **Currency**

The financial statements have been presented in the Euro currency (€), which is also the functional currency of the company.

#### **2. Summary of significant accounting policies**

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 (the Act) and FRS 102 'The financial reporting standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland. The company qualifies as a small company for the period, as defined by section 280A of the Act, in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Act and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### **Dividends**

Dividends to the company's equity shareholders are recognised as a liability of the company when approved by the company's shareholders.

#### **Short term employee benefits**

Short term benefits, including holiday pay, are recognised as an expense in the financial period in which employees have become entitled to the benefits as a result of service rendered to the company.

**CMA Asset Holdings Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)  
for the financial year ended 31 March 2025**

**Taxation and deferred taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the financial year and is calculated with reference to the tax rates applying at the financial year end date in the jurisdiction where the tax is applied. Deferred taxation is calculated on the differences between the company's taxable profits and the results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Full provision for deferred tax assets and liabilities is made at current tax rates on differences that arise between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in the tax computation, including differences arising on the revaluation of fixed assets. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

**Profit and loss account policy**

The company is dormant as defined by section 365 of the Companies Act 2014. The company received no income and incurred no expenditure during the current financial year or prior financial year and therefore no profit and loss account is presented within these financial statements. There have been no movements in equity during the current financial year or prior financial year.

## **CMA Asset Holdings Limited**

### **Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) for the financial year ended 31 March 2025**

#### **Financial instruments**

##### **Ordinary share capital**

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

##### **Unlisted investments**

The company holds investments in unlisted non-puttable equity shares of a number of entities. It is considered by the directors that the fair value of these shares cannot be measured reliably. These investments are measured at cost less impairment.

##### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash consists of cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents consist of short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

##### **Other financial assets**

Other financial assets including trade debtors arising from goods sold to customers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount of cash receivable from that debtor, which is normally the invoice price. If payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, this constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, other financial assets are measured at amortised cost less impairment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

##### **Loans and borrowings**

All loans made by the company are initially recorded at the amount of cash advanced plus transaction costs incurred, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently loans made by the company are stated at amortised costs using the effective interest rate method less impairment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

All borrowings by the company, with the exception of loans from directors who are natural persons and shareholders in the company (or close members of the family of such persons), are initially recorded at the amount of cash received less separately incurred transaction costs, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, borrowings are stated at amortised costs using the effective interest rate method.

Loans from directors who are natural persons and shareholders in the company (or close members of the family of such persons) are initially measured at transaction price and not discounted on subsequent measurement.

The computation of amortised costs includes any issue costs, transaction costs and fees, and any discount or premium on settlement, and the effect of this is to amortise these amounts over the expected borrowing period. Loans with no stated interest rate and repayable within one year or on demand are not amortised. Loans and borrowings are classified as current assets or liabilities unless the borrower has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the financial year end date.

## CMA Asset Holdings Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including trade creditors arising from goods purchased from suppliers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount owed to the creditor, which is normally the invoice price. Liabilities that are settled within one year are not discounted. If payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, this constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

#### Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence of impairment of any financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost, including unlisted investments, loans, trade debtors and cash. If there is objective evidence of impairment, impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss account in that financial year.

#### Judgements

The directors consider the accounting assumptions below to be its critical accounting judgements:

#### Going concern

The directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### Impairment of stocks

The company holds stocks amounting to €- (31 March 2024 - €-) at the financial year end date. The directors are of the view that an adequate allowance has been made to reflect the possibility of stocks being sold at less than cost.

#### 3. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

There was no profit/(loss) for the year.

#### 4. Debtors

	2025	2024
	€	€
Other debtors	100	100

All debtors are due within one year.

#### 5. Events after the end of the financial year

There were no important events since the financial year end which would require disclosure.

#### 6. Capital commitments

There were no capital commitments at the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

#### 7. Controlling party

Conor Brady and Oxana Brady are the ultimate controlling party of CMA Asset Holdings Limited, as they each hold 50% of the ordinary share capital of the company.

**CMA Asset Holdings Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)  
for the financial year ended 31 March 2025**

**8. Related party transactions**

*Key management personnel compensation*

The directors' remuneration disclosed in note represents the total compensation paid to key management personnel.

*Other related party transactions*

All other related party transactions are disclosed under Directors' transactions, note .

**9. Approval of financial statements**

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 16 September 2025.