

Company registration number: 154060

EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

Unaudited abridged financial statements

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

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EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

Directors responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

**Accountants' Report to the board of directors
on the Unaudited abridged financial statements of EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED**

In accordance with the engagement letter, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2014, we have compiled the financial statements which comprise the , balance sheet and related notes from the accounting records and information and explanations you have given to us.

This report is made to the company's board of directors, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the financial statements that we have been engaged to compile, report to the company's board of directors that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's board of directors for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Institute relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements.

You have acknowledged on the balance sheet for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 your duty under the Companies Act 2014 to ensure that the company has kept adequate accounting records and prepared financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for that financial year, and otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for the financial year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the financial statements. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

McDaid McCullough Moore
Chartered Accountants
28/32 Clarendon Street
Derry
BT48 7HD
N. Ireland

18 February 2026

EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

**Balance sheet
As at 31 March 2025**

	Note	2025 €	€	2024 €	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	397,169		761,754	
Financial assets	7	14,816		12,752	
			411,985		774,506
Current assets					
Stocks	8	-		131,717	
Debtors	9	-		27,025	
Cash at bank and in hand		245,479		679,425	
		245,479		838,167	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(151,589)		(150,020)	
Net current assets			93,890		688,147
Total assets less current liabilities			505,875		1,462,653
Provisions for liabilities	11		(1,468)		(15,886)
Net assets			504,407		1,446,767
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity			200		200
Other reserves including the fair value reserve			13,819		11,755
Profit and loss account			490,387		1,434,812
Shareholders funds			504,406		1,446,767

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these abridged financial statements.

EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

Balance sheet (continued)

As at 31 March 2025

We, as directors of EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 18 February 2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Paul G Gillen
Director

Leo M Gillen
Director

Company registration number: 154060

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these abridged financial statements.

EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is Eamonn Gillen & Sons Limited, Foyle Street, Moville, Co Donegal.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 March 2025

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Land & Buildings	- 2%	straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment	- 12.5%	straight line
Motor vehicles	- 12.5%	straight line
Investment property	-	Not depreciated

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Financial assets

Financial assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any provision for diminution in value. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 March 2025

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 4 (2024: 17).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Wages and salaries	98,839	319,078
Social insurance costs	1,023	19,794
Other retirement benefit costs	23,850	24,649
Other compensation - Redundancy & compensation for loss of office	85,605	-
	<u>209,317</u>	<u>363,521</u>

5. Directors remuneration

The directors aggregate remuneration was as follows:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Emoluments in respect of qualifying services	87,739	111,390
Pension contributions to defined contribution plans in respect of qualifying services	23,850	24,649
Redundancy & compensation for loss of office	85,605	-
	<u>197,194</u>	<u>136,039</u>

The company also paid €255,000 of exceptional pension contributions for the directors (2024 - € Nil). This charge is disclosed separately in the profit and loss account.

EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 March 2025

6. Tangible assets	Land and Buildings	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Investment property	Total
	€	€	€	€	€
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2024	340,715	478,376	12,500	406,540	1,238,131
Disposals	(340,715)	(478,376)	(12,500)	(9,371)	(840,962)
At 31 March 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>397,169</u>	<u>397,169</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2024	105,663	364,464	6,250	-	476,377
Disposals	(105,663)	(364,464)	(6,250)	-	(476,377)
At 31 March 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>397,169</u>	<u>397,169</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>235,052</u>	<u>113,912</u>	<u>6,250</u>	<u>406,540</u>	<u>761,754</u>

Investment property that cost €377,611 is stated above at Directors' valuation of €397,169.

7. Financial assets	Investments	Total
	€	€
Cost		
At 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025	<u>29,926</u>	<u>29,926</u>
Provision for diminution in value		
At 1 April 2024	17,174	17,174
Other movements	(2,064)	(2,064)
At 31 March 2025	<u>15,110</u>	<u>15,110</u>
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2025	<u>14,816</u>	<u>14,816</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>12,752</u>	<u>12,752</u>
8. Stocks	2025	2024
	€	€
Goods for resale	<u>-</u>	<u>131,717</u>

EAMONN GILLEN & SONS LIMITED

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31 March 2025

9. Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	-	18,005
Other debtors	-	220
Prepayments	-	8,800
	<u>-</u>	<u>27,025</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>27,025</u>
10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions - payable by instalments	-	2,129
Trade creditors	-	116,359
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	151,589	31,532
	<u>151,589</u>	<u>150,020</u>
	<u>151,589</u>	<u>150,020</u>
11. Provisions	2025	2024
	€	€
Deferred tax	1,468	15,886
	<u>1,468</u>	<u>15,886</u>
	<u>1,468</u>	<u>15,886</u>

12. Controlling party

The Directors collectively are considered to be the company's controlling party.

13. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 18 February 2026.