

Company registration number: 569969

**Quadventure Ltd
Trading as Quadventure Ltd**

**Unaudited abridged financial statements
for the financial period ended 28 February 2025**

Quadventure Ltd

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Directors responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial period end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial period and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Quadventure Ltd

**Accountants' Report to the board of directors
on the Unaudited financial statements of Quadventure Ltd**

We have compiled the financial statements which comprise the , balance sheet and related notes of Quadventure Ltd for the financial period ended 28 February 2025.

Respective responsibilities of directors and accountants

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the financial statements. It is our responsibility to compile the financial statements of Quadventure Ltd from the accounting records, information and explanations supplied to us by the directors.

Scope of work

We compiled the financial statements in accordance with the guidance contained in M14 (Revised) Compiling and reporting on financial statements of entities not subject to audit from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us by the directors.

We have not audited or otherwise attempted to verify the accuracy or completeness of such records, information and explanations and, accordingly, express no opinion on the financial statements.

FDC Accountants - Tax Consultants Ltd

Unit 5, Woodbine Business Park
New Ross
Co. Wexford

18 November 2025

Quadventure Ltd

**Balance sheet
As at 28 February 2025**

		28/02/25			
	Note	€	€	€	€
Fixed assets					
Negative goodwill	5	(82)		(82)	
Tangible assets	6	64,346		76,984	
			64,264		76,902
Current assets					
Stocks	7	707,712		746,583	
Debtors	8	544		1,714	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,346,168		1,015,898	
		2,054,424		1,764,195	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
	9	(381,703)		(440,245)	
Net current assets			1,672,721		1,323,950
Total assets less current liabilities			1,736,985		1,400,852
Net assets			1,736,985		1,400,852
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity			100		100
Profit and loss account			1,736,885		1,400,752
Shareholder funds			1,736,985		1,400,852

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Quadventure Ltd

**Balance sheet (continued)
As at 28 February 2025**

We, as directors of Quadventure Ltd state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholder of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial period and of its profit or loss for such a financial period and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 18 November 2025 and signed on behalf of the board by:

John Cullen
Director

Paidi Cullen
Director

Company registration number: 569969

Quadventure Ltd

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial period ended 28 February 2025

1. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business.

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed ten years.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial period ended 28 February 2025

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Long leasehold property	- 4%	straight line
Plant and machinery	- 12.5%	straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment	- 12.5%	straight line
Motor vehicles	- 12.5%	straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial period ended 28 February 2025

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial period ended 28 February 2025

2. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial period, including the directors was - (: 24).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial period were:

	Year ended 28/02/25	Year ended
	€	€
Wages and salaries	172,656	129,968
Social insurance costs	4,811	4,161
Other retirement benefit costs	52,000	12,000
	<u>229,467</u>	<u>146,129</u>

3. Directors remuneration

The directors aggregate remuneration was as follows:

	Year ended 28/02/25	Year ended
	€	€
Emoluments in respect of qualifying services	132,153	86,916
Pension contributions to defined contribution plans in respect of qualifying services	52,000	12,000
	<u>184,153</u>	<u>98,916</u>

4. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	28/02/25	
	€	€
At the start of the financial period	1,400,752	1,116,737
Profit for the financial period	336,133	284,015
At the end of the financial period	<u>1,736,885</u>	<u>1,400,752</u>

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial period ended 28 February 2025

5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill	Total
	€	€
Cost		
At 1 March 2024 and 28 February 2025	150,000	150,000
Amortisation		
At 1 March 2024 and 28 February 2025	150,082	150,082
Carrying amount		
At 28 February 2025	(82)	(82)
At	(82)	(82)

6. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
	€	€	€	€
Cost				
At 1 March 2024 and 28 February 2025	14,471	80,580	51,127	146,178
Depreciation				
At 1 March 2024	-	38,646	30,548	69,194
Charge for the financial period	-	9,196	3,442	12,638
At 28 February 2025	-	47,842	33,990	81,832
Carrying amount				
At 28 February 2025	14,471	32,738	17,137	64,346
At	14,471	41,934	20,579	76,984

7. Stocks

	28/02/25	
	€	€
Finished goods and goods for resale	707,712	746,583

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial period ended 28 February 2025

8. Debtors

	28/02/25	
	€	€
Trade debtors	(831)	544
Other debtors	1,375	1,170
	<u>544</u>	<u>1,714</u>

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	28/02/25	
	€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions	681	1,491
Trade creditors	185,982	276,860
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	143,106	155,594
Accruals	51,934	6,300
	<u>381,703</u>	<u>440,245</u>

10. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 18 November 2025.