

Company Number: 508640

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd
CONTENTS

	Page
Directors and Other Information	3
Directors' Responsibilities Statement	4
Balance Sheet	5
Notes to the Financial Statements	6 - 10

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd
DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Directors	Joan Nolan Aine Harpur
Company Secretary	Emerise Limited
Company Number	508640
Registered Office	Store Street, Dublin 1.
Business Address	Store Street, Dublin 1. Ireland
Accountants	MK Brazil Chartered Accountants Unit 1A, Cleaboy Business Park, Waterford.

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Joan Nolan
Director

9 December 2025

Aine Harpur
Director

9 December 2025

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	5	<u>3,262,329</u>	<u>3,081,851</u>
Current Assets			
Stocks	6	12,766	13,710
Debtors	7	559,050	428,610
Cash and cash equivalents		597,705	781,937
		<u>1,169,521</u>	<u>1,224,257</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(3,553,333)</u>	<u>(3,617,171)</u>
Net Current Liabilities		<u>(2,383,812)</u>	<u>(2,392,914)</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>878,517</u>	<u>688,937</u>
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Retained earnings		878,417	688,837
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u>878,517</u>	<u>688,937</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of MSCJO Enterprises Ltd, state that -

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 359 are satisfied,
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 9 December 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

Joan Nolan
Director

Aine Harpur
Director

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. General Information

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd is an unlimited company incorporated in Ireland. The company registration number is 508640 and Store Street, Dublin 1 is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to equity shareholders are recognised as a liability in the company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are paid.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	Not being depreciated
Plant and machinery	-	20% Straight Line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	33% Straight Line
Motor vehicles	-	33% Straight Line

Assets not carried at fair value are also reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future pre-tax and interest cash flows obtainable as a result of the asset's continued use. The pre-tax and interest cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that represents the current market risk free rate and the risks inherent in the asset. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

If the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account, unless the asset has been revalued when the amount is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation. Thereafter any excess is recognised in the profit or loss.

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors including amounts owed to group companies are recognised initially at transaction price (including transaction costs) unless a financing arrangement exists in which case they are measured at the present value of future receipts discounted at a market rate. Subsequently these are measured at amortised cost less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. All movements in the level of the provision required are recognised in the profit and loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the Balance Sheet bank overdrafts are shown within Creditors.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements a party is considered to be related to the company if:

- the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries to control the company or exercise significant influence over the company in making financial and operating policy decisions or has joint control over the company;
- the company and the party are subject to common control;
- the party is an associate of the company or forms part of a joint venture with the company;
- the party is a member of key management personnel of the company or the company's parent, or a close family member of such as an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- the party is a close family member of a party referred to above or is an entity under the control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the company or of any entity that is a related party of the company.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the company.

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned within the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

The accounts are expressed in Euro (€).

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

3. Operating profit	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	180,629	131,938

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 2, (2024 - 2).

5. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings freehold €	Plant and machinery €	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Motor vehicles €	Total €
Cost					
At 1 April 2024	2,906,617	444,663	446,164	102,287	3,899,731
Additions	154,189	40,610	166,308	-	361,107
At 31 March 2025	<u>3,060,806</u>	<u>485,273</u>	<u>612,472</u>	<u>102,287</u>	<u>4,260,838</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2024	-	313,267	402,604	102,009	817,880
Charge for the financial year	-	97,055	83,297	277	180,629
At 31 March 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>410,322</u>	<u>485,901</u>	<u>102,286</u>	<u>998,509</u>
Net book value					
At 31 March 2025	<u>3,060,806</u>	<u>74,951</u>	<u>126,571</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3,262,329</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>2,906,617</u>	<u>131,396</u>	<u>43,560</u>	<u>278</u>	<u>3,081,851</u>

6. Stocks	2025	2024
	€	€
Finished goods and goods for resale	12,766	13,710

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

7. Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	5,797	5,804
Amounts owed by group undertakings	35,459	26,556
Amounts owed by connected parties (Note 11)	3,424	62,174
Other debtors	63,562	63,562
Deferred tax asset	35,110	-
Directors' current accounts	17,908	-
Taxation	78,647	93,310
Prepayments	319,143	177,204
	559,050	428,610
	<u><u>559,050</u></u>	<u><u>428,610</u></u>
8. Creditors	2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year	€	€
Trade creditors	205,106	236,831
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,618,078	2,920,975
Amounts owed to connected parties (Note 11)	58,550	-
Taxation	-	9,481
Other creditors	306,594	82,042
Accruals	365,005	367,842
	3,553,333	3,617,171
	<u><u>3,553,333</u></u>	<u><u>3,617,171</u></u>
9. Income Statement	2025	2024
	€	€
At 1 April 2024	688,837	36,144
Profit for the financial year	189,580	652,693
	<u><u>878,417</u></u>	<u><u>688,837</u></u>
At 31 March 2025	878,417	688,837
	<u><u>878,417</u></u>	<u><u>688,837</u></u>
10. Capital commitments		
There were no capital commitments at the year end.		

MSCJO Enterprises Ltd
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

11. Related party transactions

The company is exempt from disclosing transactions with group companies.

As permitted by the Companies Act 2014 the company had transactions with other connected parties. The following amounts are receivable at the financial year end:

	Balance 2025 €	Movement in year €	Balance 2024 €	Maximum in year €
Nolan Family Partnership	3,424	-	3,424	3,424
Copper Horizon Limited	-	(58,750)	58,750	58,750
	<u>3,424</u>	<u>(58,750)</u>	<u>62,174</u>	

The following amounts are due to other connected parties:

	2025 €	2024 €
Copper Horizon Limited	<u>58,550</u>	<u>-</u>

Net balances with other connected parties:

	2025 €	2024 €
Copper Horizon Limited	(58,550)	-
Nolan Family Partnership	3,424	3,424
Copper Horizon Limited	-	58,750
	<u>(55,126)</u>	<u>62,174</u>

In the opinion of the directors these amounts arise in the ordinary course of business and the terms of the amounts due are in accordance with the terms ordinarily offered by the company.

12. Parent company

The company regards Foxington Limited as its parent company.

13. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

14. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 9 December 2025.