

**Company Number: 282667**

**Garry Coker Crash Repairs Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 30 June 2025**

**Garry Coker Crash Repairs Limited**  
**CONTENTS**

	<b>Page</b>
Statement of Financial Position	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4 - 5

**Garry Coker Crash Repairs Limited**  
**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

as at 30 June 2025

	2025	2024
	€	€
Fixed Assets	<u>316,342</u>	<u>316,595</u>
Current assets	59,773	62,150
Prepayments and accrued income	3,483	3,658
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<u>(18,600)</u>	<u>(34,504)</u>
<b>Net Current Assets</b>	<u>44,656</u>	<u>31,304</u>
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>	<b>360,998</b>	347,899
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	<b>(2,958)</b>	(8,864)
Accruals and deferred income	<u>(16,858)</u>	<u>(17,035)</u>
<b>Net Assets</b>	<u><u>341,182</u></u>	<u><u>322,000</u></u>
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>	<u><u>341,182</u></u>	<u><u>322,000</u></u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the micro-companies' regime and FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime".

We as Directors of Garry Coker Crash Repairs Limited, state that -

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014 (as a micro company). The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the micro companies' regime.

**Approved by the Directors and authorised for issue on 8 October 2025 and signed on its behalf by:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Garry Coker**  
**Director**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Tina Coker**  
**Director**

# Garry Coker Crash Repairs Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

### 1. General Information

Garry Coker Crash Repairs Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a micro company as defined by section 280D of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Micro Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280E of the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105.

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods and services supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

#### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	Over 25 years
Plant and machinery	-	Over 6 to 7 years
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	Over 6 to 7 years
Motor vehicles	-	Over 4 years
Office equipment	-	Over 10 years

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Leasing and Hire Purchases

Tangible assets held under leasing and Hire Purchases arrangements which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the company are capitalised and included in the Statement of Financial Position at their cost or valuation, less depreciation. The corresponding commitments are recorded as liabilities. Payments in respect of these obligations are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, with interest charged to the Income Statement.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the Statement of Financial Position bank overdrafts are shown within Creditors.

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

# Garry Coker Crash Repairs Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### Taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Statement of Financial Position date.

### Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions, during the year, which are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income Statement.

### Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

<b>3. Appropriation of Income Statement</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	€	€
Profit brought forward	<b>309,303</b>	293,103
Profit for the financial year	<b>19,182</b>	16,200
<b>Profit carried forward</b>	<b><u>328,485</u></b>	<b><u>309,303</u></b>

### 4. Controlling interest

The Company is owned and controlled by Gary and Tina Coker.

### 5. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

### 6. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 8 October 2025.