

**Company Number: 480194**

**Dovetail Consultancy Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 30 April 2025**

# Dovetail Consultancy Limited

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## Dovetail Consultancy Limited

# DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless they is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Director's Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board



Killian Kavanagh  
Director

26<sup>th</sup> January 2026

# Dovetail Consultancy Limited

## BALANCE SHEET

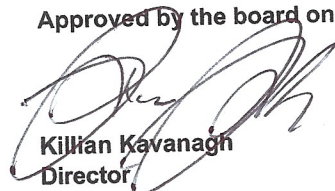
as at 30 April 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	7	<u>30,351</u>	<u>32,451</u>
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Stocks	8	10,910	10,000
Debtors	9	81,979	102,291
Cash and cash equivalents		15,179	77
		<u>108,068</u>	<u>112,368</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	10	<u>(53,180)</u>	<u>(83,106)</u>
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		<u>54,888</u>	<u>29,262</u>
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		<u>85,239</u>	<u>61,713</u>
<b>Creditors:</b> amounts falling due after more than one year	11	<u>(48,084)</u>	<u>(9,967)</u>
<b>Net Assets</b>		<u><u>37,155</u></u>	<u><u>51,746</u></u>
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Retained earnings		37,055	51,646
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the company</b>		<u><u>37,155</u></u>	<u><u>51,746</u></u>

I as Director of Dovetail Consultancy Limited, state that -

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),
- (d) I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 26<sup>th</sup> January 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

  
Killian Kavanagh  
Director

## Dovetail Consultancy Limited

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

as at 30 April 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
<b>At 1 May 2023</b>	100	41,474	41,574
Profit for the financial year	-	10,147	10,147
<b>At 30 April 2024</b>	100	51,621	51,721
Loss for the financial year	-	(14,566)	(14,566)
<b>At 30 April 2025</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>37,055</b>	<b>37,155</b>

# Dovetail Consultancy Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

### 1. General Information

Dovetail Consultancy Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 480194. The registered office of the company is 8 Marine View, Marine Cove, Blackrock, Co. Louth which is also the principal place of business of the company. The principal activity of the company is the provision of consultancy services. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company financial statements.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 April 2025 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

#### Cash flow statement

The company has availed of the exemption in FRS 102 from the requirement to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows because it is classified as a small company.

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

#### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment	- 15% Straight line
Motor vehicles	- 25% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

**Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

**Trade and other creditors**

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

**Taxation and deferred taxation**

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

**Foreign currencies**

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

**Ordinary share capital**

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3.	<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>2025</b> €	2024 €
	<b>Operating profit is stated after charging:</b>		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	<u>7,699</u>	<u>6,397</u>
4.	<b>Interest payable and similar expenses</b>	<b>2025</b> €	2024 €
	Interest	<u>2,403</u>	<u>234</u>

**5. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 5, (2024 - 5).

**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

<b>6.</b>	<b>Tax on profit</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
		€	€
	<b>(a) Analysis of charge in the financial year</b>		
	<b>Current tax:</b>	<b>Nil</b>	<b>1,925</b>
	Corporation tax at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%) (Note 6 (b))	<u>Nil</u>	<u>1,925</u>
	<b>(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the financial year</b>		
	The tax assessed for the financial year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the Republic of Ireland 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%). The differences are explained below:		
		<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
		€	€
	Profit taxable at 12.50%	<u>Nil</u>	<u>12,097</u>
	Profit before tax		
	multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax		
	in the Republic of Ireland at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%)	<u>Nil</u>	<u>1,512</u>
	<b>Effects of:</b>		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	-
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances for period	-	-
	Utilisation of tax losses	-	-
	Total tax charge for the financial year (Note 6 (a))	<u>Nil</u>	<u>1,925</u>
<b>7.</b>	<b>Tangible assets</b>		
		<b>Fixtures, fittings and equipment</b>	<b>Motor vehicles</b>
		€	€
	<b>Cost</b>		<b>Total</b>
	At 1 May 2024	29,596	16,500
	Additions	5,599	-
	At 30 April 2025	<u>35,195</u>	<u>16,500</u>
	<b>Depreciation</b>		
	At 1 May 2024	7,045	6,600
	Charge for the financial year	4,399	3,300
	At 30 April 2025	<u>11,444</u>	<u>9,900</u>
	<b>Net book value</b>		
	At 30 April 2025	<u>23,751</u>	<u>6,600</u>
	At 30 April 2024	<u>22,551</u>	<u>9,900</u>
<b>8.</b>	<b>Stocks</b>		
		<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
		€	€
	Finished goods and goods for resale	<u>10,910</u>	<u>10,000</u>

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

	2025	2024
	€	€
<b>9. Debtors</b>		
Trade debtors	<u>81,979</u>	<u>102,291</u>
<b>10. Creditors</b>		
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>	€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions	-	34,770
Trade creditors	6,813	5,998
Taxation	23,595	22,067
Director's current account (Note 14)	22,309	19,058
Other creditors	(769)	(19)
Accruals	1,232	1,232
	<u>53,180</u>	<u>83,106</u>
<b>11. Creditors</b>		
<b>Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	€	€
Bank Loan	12,334	9,967
Other Loan	8,000	-
Directors Loans	27,750	-
	<u>48,084</u>	<u>9,967</u>
<b>Loans</b>		
Repayable in one year or less, or on demand	-	34,770
Repayable between one and two years	12,334	4,152
Repayable between two and five years	-	5,815
	<u>12,334</u>	<u>44,737</u>
<b>12. Income Statement</b>		
	2025	2024
	€	€
At 1 May 2024	51,621	41,474
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year	<u>(14,566)</u>	<u>10,147</u>
At 30 April 2025	<u>37,055</u>	<u>51,621</u>
<b>13. Capital commitments</b>		
The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 April 2025.		
<b>14. Director's remuneration and transactions</b>		
	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	40,887	34,167
Pension contributions	6,000	5,500
	<u>46,887</u>	<u>39,667</u>

**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

The following amounts are repayable to the director:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Killian Kavanagh	<b>22,309</b>	19,058
Jennifer Kavanagh	<b>27,750</b>	-
	<u><b>50,059</b></u>	<u>19,058</u>

**15. Post-Balance Sheet Events**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

**16. Approval of financial statements**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 26<sup>th</sup> January 2026.