

Clanelle Ltd (formerly Decashel Ltd)
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Clanelle Ltd (formerly Decashel Ltd)
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Clanelle Ltd (formerly Decashel Ltd)

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Des Smith
Director

Catriona Smith
Director

26 January 2026

Clanelle Ltd (formerly Decashel Ltd)**BALANCE SHEET**

as at 30 April 2025

| | Notes | 2025 € | 2024 € |
|--|-------|------------------|------------------|
| Fixed Assets | | | |
| Tangible assets | 4 | <u>800,001</u> | <u>800,001</u> |
| Current Assets | | | |
| Debtors | 5 | (1,487) | 6,721 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | <u>4,484,795</u> | <u>4,476,858</u> |
| | | <u>4,483,308</u> | <u>4,483,579</u> |
| Net Current Assets | | <u>4,483,308</u> | <u>4,483,579</u> |
| Total Assets less Current Liabilities | | <u>5,283,309</u> | <u>5,283,580</u> |
| Capital and Reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital presented as equity | | 3 | 3 |
| Retained earnings | | <u>5,283,306</u> | <u>5,283,577</u> |
| Shareholders' Funds | | <u>5,283,309</u> | <u>5,283,580</u> |

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Clanelle Ltd (formerly Decashel Ltd), state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 26 January 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

Des Smith
Director

Catriona Smith
Director

Clanelle Ltd (formerly Decashel Ltd)
RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

as at 30 April 2025

| | Called up share capital € | Retained earnings € | Total € |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| At 1 May 2023 | 3 | 5,283,846 | 5,283,849 |
| Loss for the financial year | - | (269) | (269) |
| At 30 April 2024 | 3 | 5,283,577 | 5,283,580 |
| Loss for the financial year | - | (271) | (271) |
| At 30 April 2025 | 3 | 5,283,306 | 5,283,309 |

Clanelle Ltd (formerly Decashel Ltd)

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

1. General Information

Clanelle Ltd (formerly Decashel Ltd) is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. Unit 18 Kells Business Park, Cavan Road, Kells, Co. Meath, Ireland is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 April 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

As the company is no longer trading, the financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis. Fixed assets are based on the directors valuation. The only other assets are bank balances. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Government Grants

Government grants are treated as income in the period they are received and credited to the Profit & Loss Account.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

| | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Land and buildings freehold | - 4% Straight line |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Investment properties

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income, or for capital appreciation (including future re-development) or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Investment property is initially measured at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is subsequently valued at its fair value at each reporting date, by professional external valuers or by the company directors. The difference between the fair value of an investment property at the reporting date and its carrying value prior to the valuation is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account as a fair value gain or loss. Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account. The amounts in this years financial statements are based on the directors valuations.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Clanelle Ltd (formerly Decashel Ltd)
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was

4. Tangible assets

| | Investment properties | Total |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| | € | € |
| Cost | | |
| At 1 May 2024 | 800,000 | 800,000 |
| At 30 April 2025 | 800,000 | 800,000 |
| Depreciation | | |
| At 1 May 2024 | - | (1) |
| At 30 April 2025 | - | (1) |
| Net book value | | |
| At 30 April 2025 | 800,000 | 800,001 |
| At 30 April 2024 | 800,000 | 800,001 |

5. Debtors

| | 2025 | 2024 |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| | € | € |
| Other debtors | (1,487) | 6,721 |

6. Income Statement

| | 2025 | 2024 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| | € | € |
| At 1 May 2024 | 5,283,577 | 5,283,846 |
| Loss for the financial year | (271) | (269) |
| At 30 April 2025 | 5,283,306 | 5,283,577 |

Clanelle Ltd (formerly Decashel Ltd)

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

7. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 April 2025.

8. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

9. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 January 2026.