

Registered number: 692526

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited
Abridged Financial Statements
For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited

Company Information

Director Thomas Hayes (United Kingdom)

Company secretary Sophie Jones

Registered number 692526

Registered office C/o Azets CC Limited
Units 15/16 The Courtyard
Carmanhall Road
Dublin 18

Independent auditors Azets Audit Services Ireland Limited
Stutory Audit Firm
3rd Floor
40 Mespil Road
Dublin 4

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited

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DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited

**Director's Responsibilities Statement
For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025**

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare the financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

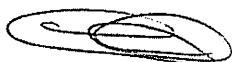
Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date, of the profit or loss for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Director's Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board



Thomas Hayes
Director

Date: 2/12/25

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited

**Independent Auditors' Special Report to the Directors of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited
Pursuant to Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014**

On 2/12/25 we reported as auditors of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited to the director of the company on the abridged financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 on pages 7 to 10 and our report was as follows:

We have examined:

- (i) the abridged financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 on pages 7 to 10 which the director of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited propose to annex to the Annual Return of the company; and
- (ii) the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

It is your responsibility to prepare the abridged financial statements which comply with the Companies Act 2014. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion that the director are entitled under Section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to Section 353 of that Act (exemptions available for small companies) and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the director in accordance with Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014. Our work was undertaken so that we might state to the director those matters we are required to state to him in our report under Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the director for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Basis of opinion

We have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the Annual Return of the company and that the abridged financial statements are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the full financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the director is entitled under Section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex to the Annual Return of the company the abridged financial statements and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of Section 353 of that Act (exemptions available for small sized companies).

Other information

On 2/12/25 we reported as auditors of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited to the members on the company's financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 to be laid before its Annual General Meeting and our report was as follows:

"We have audited the financial statements of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited (the 'company') for the financial year ended 31 March 2025, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited

Independent Auditors' Special Report to the Directors of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited (continued) Pursuant to Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 March 2025 and of its result for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the director with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited

**Independent Auditors' Special Report to the Directors of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited (continued)
Pursuant to Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014**

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Director's Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Director's Report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of director's remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

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Independent Auditors' Special Report to the Directors of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited (continued) Pursuant to Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the director.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditors' Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditors' Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit."

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited

Independent Auditors' Special Report to the Directors of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited (continued)
Pursuant to Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Desmond McCann

For and on behalf of

Azets Audit Services Ireland Limited

Statutory Audit Firm

3rd Floor

40 Mespil Road

Dublin 4

Date: *2/12/25*

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited

Abridged Balance Sheet
As at 31 March 2025

	Note	2025 €	2025 €	2024 €	2024 €
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	4	100		100	
Net assets			<u>100</u>		<u>100</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity	5		<u>100</u>		<u>100</u>
Shareholders' funds			<u>100</u>		<u>100</u>

I, as director of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited, state that:

The company has relied on the specific exemptions contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board:



Thomas Hayes
Director

Date:

2/12/25

The notes on pages 8 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025

1. General information

These financial statements comprising the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and related notes constitute the individual financial statements of DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited for the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The registered office's address is C/O Azets CC Limited, Unit 15/16, The Courtyard, Carmanhall Road, Sandyford, Dublin 18 which is also the principal place of business of the Company (registered number 692526). The nature of the Company's operation and its principal activities are set out in the Directors Report.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102), as adapted by Section 1A.

Currency

The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the Company.

Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2014.

The company has taken advantage of the disclosure option of preparing a single statement of profit and loss and retained earnings as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

2.2 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.4 Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Employees

The company has no employees other than the director, who did not receive any remuneration (2024 - €NIL).

4. Debtors

	2025 €	2024 €
Amounts owed by group undertakings	100	100

5. Share capital

	2025 €	2024 €
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
100 (2024 - 100) Ordinary share shares of €1.00 each	100	100

6. Reserves

Profit and loss account

The profit and loss account represents cumulative gains and losses recognised in the profit and loss account, net of transfers to or from other reserves and dividends paid.

7. Related party transactions

The company has availed of the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 102 regarding transactions with wholly owned group companies and under Section 1A transactions with connected companies that are carried out under normal market conditions.

The compliance fees are borne by a group company.

DRAC Logistics Ireland Limited

**Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements
For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025**

8. Controlling party

The company is 100% owned by DRAC Global Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. Thomas Hayes is the ultimate controlling party.

9. Approval of financial statements

The director approved these financial statements for issue on 2/2/25

