

Magnetech Solid Solutions Limited

Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2025

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Directors and other information

Directors:	Mr Noel Walsh Mr Adam Walsh Ms Claire Greene
Secretary:	Mr Noel Walsh
Company Registered Number:	579945
Registered Office:	The Old School House Johnstown Road Rathcoole Dublin D24 FN76
Accountants:	Accounts 2000 Rosecroft Prosperous Road Clane Co Kildare W91 F6W2
Business Address:	The Old School House Johnstown Road Rathcoole Dublin D24 FN76
Bankers:	Bank of Ireland Main Street Rathcoole Co Dublin

Magnetech Solid Solutions Limited**Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025**

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
ASSETS EMPLOYED			
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible Assets	5.	<u>57,586</u>	<u>9,125</u>
		<u>57,586</u>	<u>9,125</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6.	21,375	9,148
Cash at bank		<u>53,822</u>	<u>76,073</u>
		75,197	85,221
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(56,594)	(35,099)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>18,603</u>	<u>50,122</u>
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8.	<u>(24,425)</u>	<u>(0)</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>51,764</u>	<u>59,247</u>
REPRESENTED BY			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		51,664	59,147
Shareholders' Funds		<u>51,764</u>	<u>59,247</u>

We, the Directors of Magnetech Solid Solutions Limited, state that:

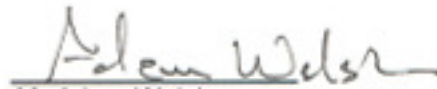
- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served notice on the company under Section 334(1) in accordance with Section 334(2) of the Companies Act 2014;
- we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare Financial Statement which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies ACT 2014 relating to Financial Statements so far as they are applicable to the company;
- the company has relied on the specific exemptions contained in Section 352; We have done so on the ground that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged Financial Statements have been properly prepared in accordance with Section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 February 2026 and are signed on behalf of the board by:



Mr Noel Walsh
Director



Mr Adam Walsh
Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

1. General Information

Magnetech Solid Solutions Limited (the company) is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Ireland under the Companies Act 2014. The company registration number is 579945. The address of the registered office is The Old School House, Johnstown Road, Rathcoole, Dublin, D24 FN76.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland' in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

3. Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in euro, which is the functional currency of the company.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services supplied, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Taxation

Taxation is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to be paid or recovered using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Tangible Assets

Tangible assets are initially measured at cost and are subsequently measured as cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses or at a revalued amount.

Any tangible assets carries at a revalued amount are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves. However, the increase is recognised in profit and loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit and loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Motor Vehicles	12.5% Straight Line Basis
Plant and Equipment	12.5% Straight Line Basis

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2025

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs include all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Finance lease and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance lease are recognised in the balance sheet as assets and liabilities as the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Provisions for Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expenses in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in interest expense in profit and loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Average number of employees

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was:

2025

1

2024

5

Magnetech Solid Solutions Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

5. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Equipment €	Total €
Cost		
At 1 April 2024	-	-
Additions	-	-
Disposal	-	-
At 31 March 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2024	-	-
Charge	-	-
Disposal	-	-
At 31 March 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
6. Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Other Debtors	21,375	9,148
Accrued income	-	-
	<u>21,375</u>	<u>9,148</u>
7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions	13,678	-
Trade Creditors	4,144	4,234
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	37,022	28,865
Accruals	1,750	2,000
	<u>56,594</u>	<u>35,099</u>
8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions	24,425	-
	<u>24,425</u>	<u>-</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

9 Directors' Remuneration

The aggregate amounts paid to persons who any time during the financial year was a director of the company were as follows:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Emoluments in respect of qualifying services	23,537	24,490
Pension costs	-	-
	<u>23,537</u>	<u>24,490</u>

10. Controlling Party

The ultimate controlling party is considered to be Mr Noel Walsh as the key shareholder.