

Company registration number 472467 (Ireland)

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED
ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' responsibilities statement	1
Independent auditor's report	2 - 5
Balance sheet	6
Statement of changes in equity	7
Notes to the financial statements	8 - 16

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (Generally accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board



Philip Ashdown
Director



Paul Dunne
Director

27 February 2026

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED PURSUANT TO SECTION 356 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2014

We have examined:

- (i) the abridged financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2025 on pages 6 to 16, which the directors of Bisley Office Furniture Ireland Limited propose to annex to the annual return of the company; and
- (ii) the financial statements to be laid before the annual general meeting, which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

It is your responsibility to prepare abridged financial statements which comply with the Companies Act 2014. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion that the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to 353 of that Act and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the company's directors, as a body, in accordance with section 356 of the Companies Act 2014. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's directors those matters we are required to state to them under section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's directors as a body, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Basis of opinion

The scope of our work for the purpose of this report was limited to confirming that the directors are entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the financial statements to be laid before the annual general meeting.

Opinion

In our opinion, the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex the abridged financial statements to the annual return of Bisley Office Furniture Ireland Limited and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

On 27 February 2026 we reported to the members of Bisley Office Furniture Ireland Limited on the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2025 and our report was as follows:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bisley Office Furniture Ireland Limited ('the company') for the year ended 31 July 2025, which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 1. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 July 2025 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF (CONTINUED)

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED PURSUANT TO SECTION 356 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2014

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information in the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF (CONTINUED)

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED PURSUANT TO SECTION 356 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2014

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions, are not complied with by the company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the company's financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the company's financial statements is located on the IAASA's website at: <https://iaasa.ie/publications/description-of-the-auditors-responsibilities-for-the-audit-of-the-financial-statements/>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF (CONTINUED) BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED PURSUANT TO SECTION 356 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2014

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Martina Gribben

For and on behalf of UHY Farrelly Dawe White Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

Statutory Auditor

FDW House
Blackthorn Business Park
Coes Road
Dundalk
Co. Louth
Ireland

27 February 2026

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JULY 2025

	Notes	2025		2024	
		€	€	€	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		2,830,684		2,873,081
Current assets					
Stocks	12	595,323		624,228	
Debtors	13	3,145,045		1,686,205	
Cash at bank and in hand		256,917		363,157	
		3,997,285		2,673,590	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(2,482,861)		(1,549,337)	
Net current assets			1,514,424		1,124,253
Total assets less current liabilities			4,345,108		3,997,334
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(1,087,000)		(1,087,000)
Net assets			3,258,108		2,910,334
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity	16		10,000		10,000
Profit and loss reserves	17		3,248,108		2,900,334
Total equity			3,258,108		2,910,334

We, as directors of Bisley Office Furniture Ireland Limited, state that:

The company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Statement Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 February 2026 and are signed on its behalf by:



Philip Ashdown
Director

Paul Dunne
Director



BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

	Notes	Share capital €	Profit and loss reserves €	Total €
Balance at 1 August 2023		10,000	3,043,042	3,053,042
Year ended 31 July 2024:				
Loss and total comprehensive income		-	(77,708)	(77,708)
Dividends	8	-	(65,000)	(65,000)
Balance at 31 July 2024		10,000	2,900,334	2,910,334
Year ended 31 July 2025:				
Profit and total comprehensive income		-	422,774	422,774
Dividends	8	-	(75,000)	(75,000)
Balance at 31 July 2025		10,000	3,248,108	3,258,108

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Bisley Office Furniture Ireland Limited is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in Ireland. The registered office is Bisley House, Bray Business Park, Southern Cross Road, Bray, Co. Wicklow, Ireland and its company registration number is 472467.

1.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), as adapted by Section 1A of FRS 102, and the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in euros, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest €.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 299 of the Companies Act 2014 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

Bisley Office Furniture Ireland Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Bisley Office Equipment Limited. The results of Bisley Office Furniture Ireland Limited are included in the consolidated financial statements of Bisley Office Equipment Limited which are available from Caswell Way, Reevesland Industrial Estate, Newport, Wales, United Kingdom.

1.2 Turnover

Revenue comprises sales of goods or services provided to customers net of value added tax and other sales taxes, less an appropriate deduction for actual and expected returns and discounts. Revenue is recognised when performance obligations are satisfied and the control of goods or services is transferred to the buyer. Where the performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised in accordance with its progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the promised consideration is adjusted for the effects of the time value of money, which is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings	50 years
Plant and equipment	3 to 5 years
Fixtures and fittings	3 to 5 years
Computers	3 years
Motor vehicles	4 years

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Leases

As lessee

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Turnover

	2025	2024
	€	€
Turnover analysed by class of business		
Sale of office furniture	7,676,845	6,490,539

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

3 Turnover	(Continued)	
	2025	2024
	€	€
Turnover analysed by geographical market		
Republic of Ireland	7,361,025	6,144,479
UK	315,820	346,060
	<u>7,676,845</u>	<u>6,490,539</u>
 4 Operating profit		
	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit for the year is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	115,822	116,816
	<u>115,822</u>	<u>116,816</u>
 5 Employees		
The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:		
	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Total	18	18
	<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>
 6 Directors' remuneration		
	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration for qualifying services	252,100	202,448
	<u>252,100</u>	<u>202,448</u>
 The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined contribution schemes amounted to 1 (2024 - 1).		
	2025	2024
	€	€
Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	9,646	12,796
	<u>9,646</u>	<u>12,796</u>
 7 Interest payable and similar expenses		
	2025	2024
	€	€
Interest payable and similar expenses includes the following:		
Interest payable to group undertakings	36,283	35,527
	<u>36,283</u>	<u>35,527</u>

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

8 Dividends

	2025	2024
	€	€
Interim paid	75,000	65,000

9 Tangible fixed assets

	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and fittings	Computers	Motor vehicles	Total
	€	€	€	€	€	€
Cost						
At 1 August 2024	3,179,513	49,850	405,195	123,631	50,810	3,808,999
Additions	-	-	73,425	-	-	73,425
At 31 July 2025	3,179,513	49,850	478,620	123,631	50,810	3,882,424
Depreciation and impairment						
At 1 August 2024	449,477	40,831	305,581	116,702	23,327	935,918
Depreciation charged in the year	63,590	3,737	35,767	2,728	10,000	115,822
At 31 July 2025	513,067	44,568	341,348	119,430	33,327	1,051,740
Carrying amount						
At 31 July 2025	2,666,446	5,282	137,272	4,201	17,483	2,830,684
At 31 July 2024	2,730,036	9,019	99,614	6,929	27,483	2,873,081

10 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 July 2025 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Class of shares held	% Held Direct
Thomas Montgomery Limited	Republic of Ireland	Ordinary shares	100.00

11 Financial instruments

	2025	2024
	€	€
Carrying amount of financial assets		
Debt instruments measured at amortised cost	3,075,299	1,614,341
Carrying amount of financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost	2,308,735	1,425,860

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

12 Stocks	2025	2024
	€	€
Finished goods and goods for resale	595,323	624,228
	<u>595,323</u>	<u>624,228</u>
13 Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	2,716,340	1,608,164
Corporation tax recoverable	-	52,701
Other debtors	358,959	6,177
Prepayments	69,746	19,163
	<u>3,145,045</u>	<u>1,686,205</u>
14 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions	1,407	1,407
Other borrowings	117,208	112,000
Trade creditors	319,094	233,097
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,620,085	893,085
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	173,258	123,905
Accruals	251,809	185,843
	<u>2,482,861</u>	<u>1,549,337</u>
15 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2025	2024
	€	€
Other borrowings	1,087,000	1,087,000
	<u>1,087,000</u>	<u>1,087,000</u>

Included within creditors is an amount due of €1,087,000 (2024: €1,087,000) by way of an unsecured loan from the company's parent company, Bisley Office Equipment Limited, which was used in part to finance the purchase of a building as reported in the 2017 financial statements. The loan is for a term of 25 years and is repayable in equal annual instalments. The loan is interest bearing at a rate of 2.95% on the amount outstanding at the beginning of each financial year.

16 Called up share capital	2025	2024	2025	2024
	Number	Number	€	€
Ordinary share capital issued and fully paid				
Ordinary Shares of €1 each	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

17 Profit and loss reserves

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the beginning of the year	2,900,334	3,043,042
Adjusted balance	2,900,334	3,043,042
Profit/(loss) for the year	422,774	(77,708)
Dividends declared and paid in the year	(75,000)	(65,000)
At the end of the year	<u>3,248,108</u>	<u>2,900,334</u>

18 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Within one year	124,426	102,772
Between two and five years	95,020	161,691
Leased vehicles & leased premises	<u>219,446</u>	<u>264,463</u>

19 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties

The company has availed of the exemption provided in FRS 102 (Schedule 1, Section 33) not to disclose transactions entered into with fellow group companies that are wholly owned within the group of companies of which the company is a wholly owned member.

	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts due to related parties		
Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the company	1,269,800	1,390,434
Other related parties	<u>1,559,121</u>	<u>701,651</u>

Amounts owed to related parties are unsecured. All balances other than the unsecured loan reported within creditors falling due after one year are payable within 60 days of the relevant invoice date. Amounts owed to related parties are due within 30 days of the relevant invoice date.

BISLEY OFFICE FURNITURE IRELAND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

19 Related party transactions (Continued)

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts due from related parties		
Other related parties	9,836	3,107
	<u>9,836</u>	<u>3,107</u>

Amounts owed by related parties are unsecured and due within 30 days of invoice date.

20 Ultimate controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Bisley Office Equipment Limited, a company incorporated and operating in Wales, United Kingdom.

Bisley Office Equipment Limited is the company's immediate and ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. The results of the company are consolidated by Bisley Office Equipment Limited and these financial statements are available from Caswell Way, Reevesland Industrial Estate, Newport, Wales, United Kingdom.

21 Approval of financial statements

The directors approved the financial statements on 27 February 2026.