

**Overall Certificate
For Financial Statements
Section 347 (2)(b), Companies Act 2014**

Company Name: Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited

Company Number: 700488

Financial Year: 1 September 2024 to 31 August 2025

CERTIFICATE:

We hereby certify that all financial statement documents which are required under Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014 to be annexed to this annual return, have been so annexed, and that they are true copies of the originals, or information extracted from the originals, laid or to be laid before the relevant general meeting, or presented to the member(s).

**Laurence Dunne
Director**

**Marguerite Egan
Secretary**

13 March 2026

Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited

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Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless they is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Director's Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Laurence Dunne
Director

13 March 2026

Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 August 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	6	146,151	107,313
Current Assets			
Debtors	7	6,367	7,186
Cash and cash equivalents		142,890	58,257
		149,257	65,443
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(65,822)	(42,027)
Net Current Assets		83,435	23,416
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		229,586	130,729
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(363)	(12,225)
Net Assets		229,223	118,504
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Retained earnings		229,123	118,404
Equity attributable to owners of the company		229,223	118,504

I as Director of Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 13 March 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

Laurence Dunne
Director

Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

as at 31 August 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 September 2023	100	85,956	86,056
Profit for the financial year	-	32,448	32,448
At 31 August 2024	100	118,404	118,504
Profit for the financial year	-	110,719	110,719
At 31 August 2025	100	229,123	229,223

Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

1. General Information

Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 700488. The registered office of the company is 3 Lios Na Lohart, Ballyvelly, Tralee, Co. Kerry which is also the principal place of business of the company. The principal activity of the company is Archaeological Monitoring and Reporting. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 August 2025 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

Cash flow statement

The company has availed of the exemption in FRS 102 from the requirement to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows because it is classified as a small company.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	12.5% Straight line
Motor vehicles	-	12.5% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Operating profit	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	25,638	17,578
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including director, during the financial year was 5, (2024 - 5).

	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Employees	5	5
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

5. Tax on profit

	2025	2024
	€	€
Analysis of charge in the financial year		
Current tax:		
Corporation tax at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%)	15,817	4,635
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

6. Tangible assets	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
	€	€	€
Cost			
At 1 September 2024	80,465	60,161	140,626
Additions	2,059	62,417	64,476
	<u>82,524</u>	<u>122,578</u>	<u>205,102</u>
At 31 August 2025	82,524	122,578	205,102
Depreciation			
At 1 September 2024	22,705	10,608	33,313
Charge for the financial year	10,316	15,322	25,638
	<u>33,021</u>	<u>25,930</u>	<u>58,951</u>
At 31 August 2025	33,021	25,930	58,951
Net book value			
At 31 August 2025	<u>49,503</u>	<u>96,648</u>	<u>146,151</u>
At 31 August 2024	<u>57,760</u>	<u>49,553</u>	<u>107,313</u>
7. Debtors		2025	2024
		€	€
Taxation		<u>6,367</u>	<u>7,186</u>
8. Creditors		2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year		€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions		12,100	12,100
Taxation		43,472	19,677
Director's current account (Note 12)		9,000	9,000
Accruals		1,250	1,250
		<u>65,822</u>	<u>42,027</u>
9. Creditors		2025	2024
Amounts falling due after more than one year		€	€
Bank loan		<u>363</u>	<u>12,225</u>
Loans			
Repayable in one year or less, or on demand		12,100	12,100
Repayable between one and two years		363	12,225
		<u>12,463</u>	<u>24,325</u>
10. Income Statement		2025	2024
		€	€
At 1 September 2024		118,404	85,956
Profit for the financial year		110,719	32,448
		<u>229,123</u>	<u>118,404</u>
At 31 August 2025		229,123	118,404

Laurence Dunne Archaeology Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

11. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 August 2025.

12. Director's remuneration and transactions

	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	31,308	24,423

The following amounts are repayable to the director:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Laurence Dunne	9,000	9,000

13. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

14. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 13 March 2026.