

Company registration number: 468959

Smart Instrument Design Solutions Limited
Unaudited abridged financial statements
for the financial year ended 31st March 2025

Smart Instrument Design Solutions Limited

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Smart Instrument Design Solutions Limited

Directors and other information

Director	Francis Leonard Jacinta Leonard
Secretary	Francis Leonard
Company number	468959
Registered office	5. Barrymore Court Glanmire Co. Cork
Business address	5. Barrymore Court Glanmire Co. Cork
Accountants	Brendan Murphy & Company 12. Douglas West Douglas Village Cork
Bankers	Allied Irish Bank Glanmire Co. Cork

Smart Instrument Design Solutions Limited

Balance sheet As at 31st March 2025

	2025		2024	
	€	€	€	€
Current assets	42,342		22,076	
Prepayments and accrued income	1,000		2,000	
		43,342		24,076
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(5,341)		(3,762)
Net current assets		38,001		20,314
Total assets less current liabilities		38,001		20,314
Accruals and deferred income		(2,322)		(3,773)
Net assets		35,679		16,541
Capital and reserves		35,679		16,541

I, as director of Smart Instrument Design Solutions Limited state that:

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- (c) the shareholder of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- (d) I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a micro company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the micro companies regime.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the director of the company on 24th February 2026 and signed by:

Francis Leonard
Director

Jacinta Leonard
Director

Smart Instrument Design Solutions Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 31st March 2025

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in the Republic of Ireland. The address of the registered office is 5. Barrymore Court, Glanmire, Co. Cork, which is also the principle place of business of the company and its company registration number is 468959.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 105, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime'.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

Taxation

Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to profit or loss.

Smart Instrument Design Solutions Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st March 2025

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially recognised at cost, which is the transaction price.

Investments in shares, subsidiaries or participating interests are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Derivatives are subsequently measured at the cost plus any transaction costs not immediately recognised in profit or loss less any impairment losses recognised to date. This is allocated to profit or loss over the term of the contract on a straight-line basis, unless another systematic basis of allocation is more appropriate.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at the cost plus any transaction costs not immediately recognised in profit or loss, plus accumulated interest income or expense recognised to date, less all repayments of principal or interest to date, less impairment.

Financial assets are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately.

4. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	16,441	12,154
Profit for the financial year	19,138	4,287
At the end of the financial year	<u>35,579</u>	<u>16,441</u>