

**Company registration number: 603174**

**Paul & Edel Keogh Limited (Audit Exempt Company\*)  
Trading as Paul & Edel Keogh Limited**

**Unaudited abridged financial statements  
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025**

**\*Paul & Edel Keogh Limited is a small company as defined by the Companies Act 2014 and is availing itself of the audit exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014. It also qualifies for the small company regime as per Section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.**

# Paul & Edel Keogh Limited

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## **Paul & Edel Keogh Limited**

### **Director's responsibilities statement**

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Director's Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The director is responsible for preparing the director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council, and promulgated by the Institute of Certified Public Accountants in Ireland. Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable to ensure that the financial statements and director's report comply with the Companies Act 2014. is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **Directors' declaration on unaudited financial statements**

In relation to the statutory financial statements:

The directors approve these statutory financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgements underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have made available to Ifac , the company's accounting records and provided all the information necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.

The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the year ended 30 April 2025.

On behalf of the board:

Edel Keogh  
Director

Date 23 January 2026

**Paul & Edel Keogh Limited**

**Accountants' Report to the director  
on the Unaudited financial statements of Paul & Edel Keogh Limited**

We have compiled the financial statements which comprise the balance sheet and related notes of Paul & Edel Keogh Limited for the financial year ended 30 April 2025.

**Respective responsibilities of directors and accountants**

As described on page 1 the company's director is responsible for the financial statements. It is our responsibility to compile the financial statements of Paul & Edel Keogh Limited from the accounting records, information and explanations supplied to us by the director.

**Scope of work**

We compiled the financial statements in accordance with the guidance contained in M14 (Revised) Compiling and reporting on financial statements of entities not subject to audit from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us by the director.

We have not audited or otherwise attempted to verify the accuracy or completeness of such records, information and explanations and, accordingly, express no opinion on the financial statements.

Ifac

8 Enterprise Business Park  
O' Brien Road  
Carlow

23 January 2026

**Paul & Edel Keogh Limited**

**Balance sheet  
As at 30 April 2025**

	Note	2025 €	€	2024 €	€
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors		758,298		605,774	
Cash at bank and in hand		197,141		200,000	
		955,439		805,774	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>					
		(119,120)		(103,401)	
<b>Net current assets</b>		836,319		702,373	
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		836,319		702,373	
<b>Net assets</b>		836,319		702,373	
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital presented as equity		100		100	
Profit and loss account		836,219		702,273	
<b>Shareholders funds</b>		836,319		702,373	

The company qualifies for the small companies regime on the grounds that Section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 is complied with and the statutory financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime.

I, as director of Paul & Edel Keogh Limited state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

**The notes on pages 5 to 6 form part of these abridged financial statements.**

**Paul & Edel Keogh Limited**

**Balance sheet (continued)**  
**As at 30 April 2025**

These abridged financial statements were approved by the director of the company on 23 January 2026 and signed by:

Edel Keogh  
Director

**The notes on pages 5 to 6 form part of these abridged financial statements.**

## Paul & Edel Keogh Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### 1. Accounting policies and measurement bases

##### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### **Turnover**

Turnover represents the net sales to customers including Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

##### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

##### **Financial instruments**

Basic financial assets and liabilities are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets and liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets and liabilities measured at costs or amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset or liability is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the assets/liabilities original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

If there is a decrease in an impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not been previously recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year are measured at the discounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Paul & Edel Keogh Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)  
Financial year ended 30 April 2025

2. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	702,273	590,201
Profit for the financial year	133,946	112,072
<b>At the end of the financial year</b>	<b>836,219</b>	<b>702,273</b>

3. Directors transactions

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	(87,523)	(59,349)
Advances made during the financial year	6,174	-
Amounts repaid during the financial year	(17,506)	(28,174)
At the end of the financial year	<b>(98,855)</b>	<b>(87,523)</b>

4. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 23 January 2026.